BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, ...PROPRIETORS

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...EDITOR
ROBERT P. TUTEN, ...PUBLISHER

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POLITICAL NOTES.

—A veritable inspiration of Democracy is making itself felt among the Democratic Legislators of Tennessee. They are commencing to vote for Jeff Davis for United States Senator.

—In debating the Southern question our local Democratic contemporary so trembles with the excess of its fine rage as sometimes to be really in danger of splitting its Confederate uniform.

—It is said in the good Book that "a house divided against itself cannot stand." The Philadelphia Democracy are divided, and attempted on Wednesday to pull down their own Temple.

—General Burnside has been elected to the United States Senate from Rhode Island, as the successor of that self-important nonentity, Sprague. The Republicans of that State have honored themselves in their choice.

—A Kentucky Democratic editor says he would be delighted to skin Phil. Sheridan alive, just for the fun of the thing. The Southern Democrats, generally, regard killing a Republican as a mere joke.—It affords them pleasure to play the assassin.

—The determination of the Senate Committee on Patents to grant no further extensions of sewing machine patents, will bring gladness to thousands of humble homes. We have contended strenuously for the cheapening of this poor girls' bread-winner from the outset.

—When McDonald, the new Democratic Senator from Indiana, ran for Congress in 1849, he pledged himself on both sides of the slavery question, and is now committed on both sides of the finance question. He is like a double-ended ferryboat; he runs as well one way as another.

—It is a practice among children to count over the buttons on their jackets for the purpose of divining their future occupations, beginning at the top and ending at the bottom, as thus: farmer, coachman, tailor, Schumaker, thief. That's how the Democratic member of Congress from Brooklyn had his fortune told.

—It begins to look vastly as though the Democrats in Congress really intend, if they can, to defeat the Army Appropriation bill. This, however, is not strange. Some of them have never forgiven it for the honorable part it took in putting down the rebellion, and in helping to bring Southern "banditti" to justice, since.

—There was once a Scottish robber-chieftain who, just prior to a desperate fight, ordered his men to set fire to the straw which served them for bedding, that they might advance unnoticed in the smoke. A similar plan is now being pursued by our own Democratic reactionists. This is what all this hullabaloo from the press and platform of that party, over Southern affairs, is about. It is simply to mask a rebel advance.

—The Democratic members of the United States Senate are not at all fortunate in their line of argument against "Federal interference" in Louisiana—the historic precedents against them being so numerous and so conclusive. The reference of Senator Conkling, in his masterly speech of Thursday, to the course pursued by Washington in that emergency, was most effective. The obstructionists had better yield the fight. They are in the same fix in which the learned physician was who partook of one of his own pellets—and straightway choked.

—When Dorr got up his Rebellion in Rhode Island, President Tyler, a Southern States Rights man, thought it his duty to send in the United States troops to help put it down; a Democratic Supreme Court of the United States sustained him in so doing; and the Democratic party of the country stood by him in his action. If it was right in President Tyler to use the United States troops in settling a mere State quarrel between two State governments, both claiming to be regular, and both setting up popular vote in their favor, how does it become wrong in President Grant to follow the example? We leave it to Democratic experts to solve the conundrum.

LIBERAL DEMOCRACY!

"The Past is Buried—The Future is Ours."

The *Watchman* has once more turned its back on Senator Wallace. The latter, in a speech to the people of his native town at a reception lately given him, made the statement that he was a "Liberal Democrat;" and further on in his speech he remarked, "the past is buried, the future is ours." These two remarks furnish texts for two editorials in the *Watchman*, which are both severely critical on the distinguished Clearfielder. We were trying to think what objection the *Watchman* could have to the term "Liberal Democrat." The editor, instead of denouncing it, should, on the contrary, we think, rather like it. It appears to be not inappropriate to the gentleman himself. He was rather liberal last fall in supporting an independent candidate for Congress, giving our candidate for Judge a lift, and also giving the Senator himself, a left handed support. Is not that a rather "liberal Democracy?" Perhaps it is not used in the sense that the Senator intended, but it certainly comes within the definition of the term. It requires a "liberal Democracy" to induce a man to consent to be a candidate for office for twelve years in succession; and the same article must enter largely into the composition of a man who aspires to the seat of the Senator whose election he opposed. Mr. Meek's opponent, Adam Hoy, Esq., would doubtless favor the term, because he has basked, fitfully, in the several lights—of Republicanism; of war Democracy; of conservatism; and, finally, of the simon-pure, straight-out article. These gentlemen should be thankful to the Senator for coining the term.

"The past is buried, the future is ours!" Noble thought! Why should the *Watchman* object? If the charitable mantle of the past could hide the editor's record, and consign it to oblivion, what a burden would drop! Why should he hold up to the public a row of loudly-painted jumping-jacks, labeled severally, "Jefferson, Jackson, Madison, and Monroe," and, pulling the string, make them dance ghostly jigs, because the Senator happened to say that the past is buried? It would be the very best thing that could befall the editor himself. He should look upon it as a consummation, devoutly to be wished for.

But the point of difficulty between the Senator and the editor does not arise from a contemplation of the moral and literary aspect of the above sentiments of the former. The underlying difficulty—of which these are mere cats paws—rests in the fact, that the Senator will not resign his seat in the Councils of the State until the 3d of March. The editor is opposed to the Senator's being his own successor, as he fondly aspires to that position himself. It is exceedingly exasperating to be compelled to canvass the whole county for the purpose of wringing a majority out of the convention of yesterday, and then find it is all labor in vain. Mr. Hoy probably takes the same view of the case. But then, they have given the people of the county a chance to see them and enjoy their society, which is a consideration not to be overlooked! When prominent members of both parties in Clearfield and Clinton counties have petitioned the Senator not to resign, and when the Grand Jury of Centre county, in grand and solemn inquest assembled, immediately after finding a true bill for fornication and bastardy, send up another bill to the Senator asking him to hold his own till March 3d, is it much wonder that he reluctantly continues to use himself as a jack-screw, to get the new constitution squarely on the track?

His Honor Judge Mayer arrived in town on Monday and is presiding in Court, with his usual dignity. It is pleasant to note, that as the Judge grows older in the harness, he still maintains his affable and agreeable demeanor, which is not common to all Judges of his experience. It gives us pleasure to make mention of these facts of our political opponents as well as those of our partisan friends.

HIS ACCIDENCY.

That garrulous old egotist and fraud, who, in other years swung around the official circle from alderman to accidental presidency, has been elected to the U. S. Senate by the Bourbons of Tennessee. There were five other contestants for the place, and the struggle was a severe and protracted one, a determined effort being made to defeat the old rascal. What made his rebel supporters hesitate was the fact, that he had been a candidate on the Republican National ticket in 1864. To be sure he threw off the diguise as soon as he got into the presidential chair. But notwithstanding all that it was feared by some, that he might not be sound, and we must admit not without reason, for he is a bull-headed, cross-grained, drunken old brute, and those who trust him to-day may not know where to find him to-morrow. The man who could turn a traitor to the Union cause might also, if he took the notion into his head, or thought it profitable to himself, turn traitor to the "last cause." It was through fear of something like this that led an old veteran of the rebel host to interview him, who obtained the following declaration of principles, which rise into new importance as the personal platform of the new Senator: "My whole public acts," said he, with that sublime recklessness of grammar, which, in other days, made the veto messages of A. J. memorable, "demonstrate that I exhausted all the powers and prerogatives of office in behalf of confederate soldiers. Now, as to my Democracy, I think no one who can read can be ignorant of my political views. I think I am in line with the Democracy of the nation, and the unwilling testimony of my political opponents has established that I was nominated as a Union Democrat for Vice President, and I think that my whole life shows me to be a Democrat—an unadulterated Democrat."

THE GRAND JURY TRICK.

In last week's "Watchman" there appeared an article headed "A trick on the Grand Jury," from which we learn that the foreman, Maj. W. F. Reynolds, induced the Grand Jury to sign a letter, requesting the Hon. W. A. Wallace not to resign as State Senator, until the 4th of March, at which time his term of office as United States Senator, begins. The object of this letter, as set forth, was to prevent a special election for State Senator, and save a thousand dollars to the tax payers of the county. The "Watchman" infers that this was not the object, but that it was a scheme set up for the purpose of postponing the election for fear P. Gray Meek might be the chosen successor of Mr. Wallace.

It is now a well established fact, that there are two distinct factions in the Democratic party of Centre county, each claiming to be the only genuine simon-pure, full fledged Democrats; one being led by P. Gray Meek, followed by his friends, now known as Bourbonites, and the other by Adam Hoy, backed by the Court House clique. It is quite evident to us that Meek's opponents stole a march on him. Ever since it became a fixed fact that Mr. Wallace would be elected United States Senator, Mr. Meek has been as busy as a nailor, canvassing the county, urging his friends to be on hand at the polls on Saturday last, and vote instructions for him. Things looked blue for his opponents, so they practiced this dodge, which is not as satisfactory as it might be to Meek. We are not advised why the Republicans on the Grand Jury took any part in the matter, inasmuch, as it is purely a fight among our political oppunents.

Taking into consideration the services rendered to our party last fall by Mr. Meek and his friends, in fighting the ring ticket, by which we were enabled to reduce L. A. Mackey's majority in Centre county to three votes; besides taking several hundred off of Judge Orvis' aggregate vote, we think, that if the Republicans who signed the letters, had have duly considered the matter, they would have either refused to take any part, or, if the did, would have paid Mr. Meek a compliment for services rendered.

LAW vs. COMMON SENSE.

It appears in the Court proceedings, in another column, that John Bradley, a citizen of the South ward, was indicted in the Court of quarter sessions last week, for refusing to assist a police officer in conveying a person, whom he had under arrest, to the office of our chief Burgess. It appeared from the evidence, that some young men had committed an assault upon the person of a female within the borough limits. The parties were not known to her. She repaired to the office of Chief Burgess Irwin, before whom she made the usual information, describing the persons as well as her recollection dictated, after which, a warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Chief Fannon to be executed. A short time elapsed, when he succeeded in arresting the proper persons; but, before they reached the Burgess' office, the prisoners became obstreperous and refused to accompany the officer any farther, when he called on Mr. Bradley to assist him, who refused; hence, this indictment. His Honor, Judge Orvis, charged the Jury that Sheriffs, Constables and Police officers were conservators of the peace, and are authorized, in two ways, to make arrests.

First—By authority of a warrant issued by a Justice of the Peace or some other properly authorized person..

Second—when a person is committing an unlawful act in the sight of an officer; he is authorized to make the arrest, without a warrant, by what is called, making an arrest "on view."

His Honor stated that the warrant in this case had been regularly issued; but that it appeared, from the evidence, that the names of the parties described in the warrant, had become known before the arrests had been made, which made it incumbent upon the officers, to have the names inserted in the warrant, before they made the arrests. This however, was not done.

His Honor continued that before an officer could compel a citizen to assist him in making an arrest or convey a prisoner to a Justice's office, he must show his warrant authorizing him to make the arrest. This latter declaration was a surprise to many of his hearers and was looked upon as being more in accordance with the practice of a technical lawyer, than with the matured views of a common sense judge.

This view of the case might hold good where an officer is not known to the person called upon, but when an officer is as well known as Chief Fannon is to John Bradly this interprelature, if correct, makes the law as absurd, as it must be impracticable and inefficient.

Is it not just as reasonable to assume that if an officer, known to the person called on to assist in making an arrest, cannot enforce his request without exhibiting his warrant, then his authority to arrest "on view" does not give him the power to command the assistace of a citizen to arrest and convey a person before a Justice, or other Peace officer, however capable he may be to resist the officer, or however flagrant the crime committed in view of the officer, but not having been seen by the citizen commanded to assist. The interpretation of the law by the learned judge, must necessarily nullify the right of a peace officer, when he apprehends a person for the commission of crime in his sight to command assistance, and must encourage every "bully" to break the peace and resist the efforts of the officers with impunity, when they can do so successfully. Surely the construction of the law as declared by his Honor, is a strained one and adverse to good government, and the protection of society, and in the interests and encouragement of the lawless classes. We think that his Honor in his effort to lecture the police, as to their duty, forgot that he was presiding as Judge of the Court, and we have no doubt if the police had been Democrats instead of Republicans, a more liberal view of the law in the case would have been accorded them from the bench.

It is not common for Police officers to be made up of lawyers or judges; but under Judge Orvis' decision it will become necessary that our local Police shall be more learned in the law than he is, or such proceedings in court will be of frequent occurrence. If the jury who sat on the case, had taken into consideration the proper protection of females walking on the streets at night, we have not the least doubt but the costs would have been saddled on the "Jintlemen" who refused to assist the officer. If we should judge from the conduct exhibited on the streets near our office, on Saturday night last, by some drunken rowdies, we would be led to suppose that they were celebrating their victory. Time works wonders.

THE DEMOCRACY IN SECOND CONVENTION.

THE MODOCS ROUTE THE REGULARS!

THE MEEK FACTION TRIUMPHANT!

Bill Alexander of Millheim the Successful Candidate.

Bill Alexander of Millheim, the successful candidate to succeed the late Simon S. Wolf in the Legislature. In persuance of public notice, the delegates elected to last year's convention, assembled in Bush's Hall at 2 o'clock P. M., on yesterday afternoon. After calling the roll of delegates, several nominations were made and on the fourth ballot Wm. Alexander had 30 votes, Samuel Gilliland had 27 votes, Mr. Kreps 8 votes. Mr. Alexander was declared the nominee amid some confusion. There was nothing said about State Senator, in consequence of Mr. Wallace having decided to retain his seat till the 4th of March. It was conceded however, that Mr. Meek would have beaten Mr. Hoy by a large majority.

Taking into consideration the course pursued by Mr. Meek last fall, in giving the regular Democratic ticket a lukewarm support this nomination is a great triumph for him and will add a few feet to the already long faces of the other faction—Fred Kurtz for instance.

P. S. We left when the convention adjourned but we have since learned that the Meek delegates re-organized and forced a test ballot on the senatorial question, which resulted as follows:

Hoy	6 votes
Meek	42 "

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, February 3, 1875.

THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL MOVEMENT.

Taking it for granted that nine-tenths of your readers are openly, or indirectly, connected with some Christian denomination, and their taking an interest in any new eclestical movement, has led me to notice, in this letter, what seems destined to mark an era in religious history. What I do say is of reliable character, and is given as, what I regard, important information, and without any prejudice or partiality whatever.

On the 2d of Dec., 1873, the doctrinal troubles that have been so long agitating the Protestant Episcopal Church, culminated in a schism. A Bishop of that Church, with some eight ministers and twenty laymen, gathered on that day in the city of New York. The object of the meeting, as stated in the call was "to organize and not to discuss," and the men engaged in the movement seem to have stuck to their work, for by the close of the day, a Reformed Episcopal Church had been organized, with Bishop Geo. D. Cummins as its Bishop, Charles E. Cheney, as a Bishop elect, with seven Presbyters, perhaps thirty laymen, and two church organizations ready to vote themselves in union. This bold, and in the estimation of some wicked step, created quite an excitement at the time.

Since then, a little more than a year has passed, and without a noise or special effort, this new church is beginning to locate its ministers and to dot its churches in Canada and the States, and even from across the water, a respectable body of English Christians—the Free Church of England—have reached forth fraternal hands, which have been clasped in a close union. Episcopal and Liturgical, and yet strongly Protestant, and liberal to a degree that is eminently calculated to conciliate, this church takes its place among its sister organizations. In addition to the great work, it has, in common with other churches—the ingathering of souls—its adherents regard its presence as a felt want among the Christian bodies about them. If this be true, it will be a success; for whatever is wanted, will be sought after. Already its ministerial and lay ranks are being recruited from all denominations. There are those who admire a liturgy, but cannot accept the pretensions of an exclusive Prelatical Church; they are compelled, therefore, to forego their taste, and continue to worship without a form. On the other hand, there are those who prefer a moderate Episcopacy, but desire more freedom in the use of a liturgy; rather, however than give up the desired form of church goverment, they will submit to liturgical rigidity. To both of these, the Reformed Episcopal Church offers a common ground. An Episcopal form of government, shorn of all its objectionable assumptions—a liturgy freed from every trace of Romanism—a formula of worship not suppressive of extemporaneous; a ministry fraternizing cordially with their brethren of other names; in a word, a Liturgical, Episcopal Church; that is, Protestant to the core, and fully alive to the spiritual necessities of the age.

Your readers may ask, is such a church needed? Is there room for it among the numerous divisions that already exist? These questions will call forth different answers from different quarters. But there can be no doubt that there is a very general though quiet, interest felt in the movement, and that it is not confined to any one body of Christians. There is a strong desire on the part of many to be identified with it; but family considerations, or pastoral relations, hinder for the present. With others I find it is a second choice. They like their own church best, but if anything should disturb those relations, this new church would be their choice. A movement that comes into the midst of the jarring elements of Christian life, and by its order, its doctrinal purity, and its charity, can at once so disarm all opposition, and awaken so large a degree of sympathy, must contain in itself the elements of success. Certain it is, that this year-old movement is growing. The great mass of busy passers-by may not notice it; but he who will take the trouble to give a look at the work will find that these workmen are laying their foundations deep and strong, and that, judging from the progress made, it will not be long before a superstructure will begin to show itself, that will challenge the attention of all who have eyes to see.

THE AMERICAN EXHIBITION.

I trust I am not giving your readers too much of the Centennial, but there is now so much going on connected with this Fraternal Love Feast, in which representatives from almost every county in the United States will participate, with every respectable nation of the world assembled here to witness it, that I scarcely know how to write a letter without saying something about it.

Since my last was written, we have had the Centennial Committee of Congress, with the President and several Cabinet Ministers, here, to personally examine the arrangements thus far made and to note what is further requisite. As it is proposed to exhibit the progress made by each Department of the Government since its organization, a special building for this purpose will be erected, so that models from the Patent Office can be exhibited, representing step by step our progress in mechanism; the Treasury will exhibit the coins and currency used during one hundred years; the War and Departments, its weapons of naval and military warfare, while the Interior Department will have Indian lodges, as they were a century ago, and now are, with live "injuns" in camp, with their weapons of the chase, ponies, &c. Old Probabilities will be here to regulate the historical exhibit, as illustrated by the Government, will, of itself, be truly a grand affair.

The Annual Meeting of our City Board of Trade, was held a few days ago, at which John Welsh, Esq., was chosen President; 1115 members are upon the roll; a Bureau of Commerce, as one of the Departments of the National Government, is strongly urged.

The proposed combination in pig iron has come to grief; it was the intention to reduce the production of each pig iron producing establishment, 50 per cent. provided two thirds of all the producers would in writing agree there to; as less than one-third, favor the combination, furnace owners are condescendingly notified by the American Iron and Steel Association—Great Britain's American servitor—that they can pursue their own course.

PRACTICAL TEMPERANCE REFORM.

A gentleman in this city, named Joshua L. Baily, has long labored in the cause of temperance, but without avail; his experience taught him that there is, on the part of the general public, an imperious desire for stimulants, and that in obedience to that demand intoxicating liquors are indulged in, because temperance workers have failed to furnish in their stead, a drink that is nutritious and stimulating, but not intoxicating.

To meet this long felt want, Mr. Baily has fitted up in Philadelphia a model Coffee House, where a half-pint mug of coffee and a two ounce roll is furnished for "five cents," just half the price of a drink of whisky. The coffee is made fresh every hour and from the best coffee in the market, and I am happy to say that the first week it was opened, "seven barrels" of coffee grounds were donated to charitable institutions, and the coffee re-made from these grounds was the best ever furnished these institutions—at least, so writes a clergyman connected with one of them.

The Model Coffee House is intended for working-men; and in this class are included editors, clergymen, bankers, merchants, manufacturers, mechanics, carpenters and masons, and their apprentices, clerks, printers, draymen, newsboys—every man who works either with his head or his hands—these are all WORKINGMEN, and to all of them the Model Coffee House has proved a great blessing, as hundreds frequent it who previous to its establishment, took their beer with the regularity of returning day. The desire for strong drink is removed by the substitution of something a thousand times preferable, and Mr. Baily has proven himself the best temperance advocate I have ever met.

THE PARTY.

Both parties in this city have completed their nominations for county officers. The Democrats have elected Alderman "Bill" McMullin a delegate to State Convention to Governor.

J. W. F.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

CHARLES SUMNER.

BY H. W. LONGFELLOW.

Garlands upon his grave,
And flowers upon his hearse,
And to the tender heart and brave
The tribute of this verse.

His was the troubled life,
The conflict and the pain,
The grief, the bitterness of strife,
The honor without stain.

Like Winkelried, he took
Into his manly breast
The sheaf of hostile spreads, and broke
A path for the oppressed.

Then from the fatal field
Upon a nation's heart
Borne like a warrior on his shield!—
So should the brave depart.

Death takes us by surprise,
And stays our hurrying feet;
The great design unfinished lies,
Our lives are incomplete.

But in the dark unknown
Perfect their circles seem,
Even as a bridge's arch of stone
Is rounded in the stream.

Alike are life and death,
When life in death survives,
And the uninterrupted breath
Inspires a thousand lives.

Were a star quenched on high,
For ages would its light,
Still traveling downward from the sky,
Shine on our mortal sight.

So when a great man dies,
For years beyond our ken,
The light he leaves behind him lies
Upon the paths of men.

—*Atlantic.*

JACKSON AND SHERIDAN.

NEW ORLEANS IN 1815 AND 1875.

BY JAMES AIKEN.

Brave Jackson, sixty years ago,
And brave Phil. Sheridan to-day,
Though generations intervene,
The same great qualities display.

Both undoubted men of truth,
They both would scorn to tell a lie.
And though their acts may seem severe,
They both could give the reason why!

O, difficult was Jackson's post,
With foes without, traitors within.
But was it difficult as Phil's?
Why bless ye, it does not begin!

What are the facts? The Nation's voice
Proclaimed that all the slaves are free;
And that all men, of every hue,
Equals and citizens shall be.

And now behold the very men
Lately in arms against the laws,
Conspiring e'en with bloody hands,
To stop the march of Freedom's cause!

"Defence" is their bandit league?
Defend themselves, 'gainst what, I pray?
Against the negro's right to vote,
Their object is as plain as day!

The Constitution plainly says
That every man, unstained with crime,
Is a free fellow citizen,
Henceforward, in all coming time,

The southern "Chivalry" says no!
We will attend to our affairs:
The negro's place has always been,
And always shall be "below stairs!"

Now men of sense, say which shall rule,
The nation, or the rebel host?
Shall that mean bastard "Chivalry"
Though vanquished always, rule the post?

Our brave Phil. Sheridan says "no!
Let all submit to equal laws."
Like Jackson let him be sustained;
Like Jackson's his the nation's cause!

LOVE AND LABOR.

We die not all; for our deeds remain
To crown with honor, or mar with stain;
Through endless sequence of years to come
Our lives shall speak, when our lips are dumb.

What though we perish, unkown to fame,
Our tomb forgotten, and lost our name,
Since naught is wasted in heaven or earth,
And nothing die to which God gives birth.

Though life be joyless, and death be cold,
And pleasures pall as the world grows old,
Yet God has granted our hearts relief,
For Love and Labor can conquer grief.

Love sheds a light on the gloomy way,
And Labor hurries the weary day;
Though death be fearful, and life be hard,
Yet Love and Labor shall win reward.

If Love can dry up a single tear,
If lifelong Labor avail to clear
A single web from before the true,
Then Love and Labor have won their due.

What though we mourn, we can comfort pain;
What if we die, we, the truth is plain;
A little spark from a high desire
Shall kindle others, and grow a fire.

Labor is mortal, and fades away,
But Love shall triumph in perfect day;
Labor may wither beneath the sod,
But Love lives ever, for Love is God.

Our Story Teller.

TOM FANSHAW'S LUCK.

It was Bad at First but Good at Last.

CHAPTER I.

Tom Fanshaw, of the New York Central Railroad Company's service, thought it a hard case to have to turn out of his warm bed at the early hour of the morning at which his wife gave him a push and told him it was time to get up. He rose in dudgeon, went to the window and looked out. A cold, aggravating December morning; nothing to be seen except the candle he held in his hand, and his own unshaven, unwashed visage glowing sulkily at him. His wife, a cheery little body, was on her knees before the grate, trying to kindle the embers of last night's fire with the the bellows.

'Come, Tom,' she said, 'look sharp, or you'll be late. Drat the fire, it won't light, and firewood's so awful dear.' She drew a little bundle from its hiding-place, and lighted a match beneath it. 'There, that'll do now. What sort of a morning is it?'

'Don't jaw. I declare it's an abominable shame.'

What peculiar abuse the railroad man alluded to can never be know, for at this moment the baby began to squall and drowned all other voices in his own. The wife went to take it up.

'Hush-sh-sh; bless its little heart, it shall, so it shall.'

'Warm my coffee,' said Mr. Fanshaw, majesterially.

'Yes, directly. Did it want its pap, the precious chicken, did it?' and Mrs. Fanshaw set on the fire a can which did not contain her lord's coffee.

Fanshaw buttoned up his uniform and mused upon the insufficiency of his salary. In an adjoining room three other persons awoke, and, running in, clung in their night-gowns round mammy, and demanded to be dressed.

'My coffee!' thundered Fanshaw above the clamor.

'Yes, directly; only baby must have his pap first,' pleaded Mrs. Fanshaw, hastening towards the fire.

Tom Fanshaw was decidedly cross that morning. He had full five minutes to spare; but a gloomy desire for martyrdom came upon him.

'Very well, I see I am to have no coffee this morning,' he said, and stalked heroically out of the house in the direction of the depot, where it was his fate to attend to the cars arriving by the train due every morning at seven o'clock, and at intervals thereafter throughout all the day. As he stood by the gate he suddenly felt something which might be a claw, or a mouth, take a firm hold of his calf. He gave a little jump, excusable in a man who had been for some time eyeing a white bull-dog, the property of a shaggy dog-fancier, standing suspiciously close to his legs. Tom Fanshaw started, but the claw still kept his grasp without any of those incisions peculiar to teeth and at last he looked down. He saw, a long way below him, a small boy, a little child, not more than two or three years old, crying bitterly. After two or three seconds, apparently spent in making up his mind that it did not intend to bite, Fanshaw stooped down and looked more closely. He saw a small bit of puckered face and two large bits of chubby hands and the thing said between its sobs, 'Please, sir, where's mammy?'

Ton Fanshaw was not by any means a hard man, albeit the weather had gone a long way toward making him so; so he said kindly: 'Hullo, young 'un, what is the row! What mammy? We'll find her in a minute,' as he really thought he should, believing that the child had strayed from its mother while she was looking for her baggage. They walked down the platform together, the big man and the little one, the small hand laid confidingly in the great red first; but no mammy was to be found.

'Look here, what's to be done?' said Fanshaw, showing the child to a policeman.

'Oh, hand him over to me,' replied the knight of the baton. 'I'll take him to the station-house and he'll be claimed in a day or two. Come along, Johnny.' The child brightened at that name; it was evidently the right one.

'Comealong, Johnny,' repeated the policeman, trying to lead him away. But the little hand clung to its first protector, and Mr. Fanshaw lingered.

'Where are you going to take him?' he asked. 'Twenty-first Precinct Station-house, eh! I'll come and look after him in a day or two. Poor little fellow I suppose the Commissioners of Charity and Correction will get him eventually; but there—I've got torments enough at home.' He hardened his heart at the thought of the morning's scene and consigned his small charge to the policeman's charge.

Fanshaw related the circumstances to his wife, and the next morning Mrs. Fanshaw found time to accompany her husband on a visit to the station-house to 'look after' little Johnny.

Mrs. F. carried with her a couple of oranges and a tin trumpet, the confiscated property of her son and heir. They had nearly reached their destination, when a young woman, poorly clad with a young pinched face that was not without a certain wild beauty, and disheveled hair, turning the corner of a narrow street, came into violent collision with Mr. Fanshaw. Recovering herself immediately, she brushed roughly past him and ran at full speed down a dark passage. Mrs. Fanshaw looked after her with some surprise, and the next moment she and her husband were surrounded by a little crowd, headed by two policemen in a great hurry.

'Did you you see a woman pass just now,' asked one of them—'young and rather good-looking? She's been robbing a jeweler's shop, and we thought she came this way.'

'Yes, yes,' replied Fanshaw, eagerly, catching the prevailing excitement; 'she ran against me, not a minute ago. She went down that passage,' and he pointed to the alley where the woman had disappeared.

With a hasty 'thank you' the policeman hurried in the direction indicated; but they were soon at fault again, and Fanshaw and his wife, having followed for a moment or two, disengaged themselves from the crowd and walked on. Arrived at the station-house, Johnny was found, his puckered face more puckered still, crying piteously in the corner, in dire disgrace. The nurse of the ward, an old crone, whose temper time had soured, pointed him out vindictively.

'Drat the child! I can't do nothing with him; that's the way he's been going on the whole blessed morning. Mammy, mammy, indeed I wish his mother 'ud fetch him out, for he's no better nor a nuisance here.'

Mrs. Fanshaw's bright eyes darted daggers at the old dame as she went past her, and in a minute she had gathered little Johnny into her kind arms, and was cuddling him up upon her lap, where the child's sobs soon subsided under the combined influence of kisses and oranges. The little fellow was worn out with crying, and he nestled directly into his new resting-place and went fast asleep, clasping one of Mrs. Fanshaw's fingers tightly in his mottled hand. It went to the mother's heart to have to leave him, but she felt that in the present state of the family funds they could not venture to burden themselves with this helpless child. She laid him tenderly down, kissed the flushed cheek and gently drawing away her finger.

'Be kind to him, poor little duck,' she said to the old dame, 'he'll soon get used to it; but he is only a baby, and it is hard for him to be taken from his mother,' and in an unusually subdued mood Mrs. Fanshaw decended the stairs, to join her husband below.

Mr. Fanshaw, meanwhile, had been sitting on a bench in the office talking to one of the officers who was off duty.

'Got such a thing as a chew of tobacco about you, Fanshaw?' said the officer, peering hungrily into Tom's face.

'Why, yes,' replied Tom. 'I thought somebody might want some, and I filled my box before I started.' He put his hand in his coat-pocket, and drew thence, a—gold Louis quatroize snuff-box, from the lid of which beamed a lovely enameled face, set round in large diamonds. Mr. Fanshaw's eyes opened to that extent that there was reason to apprehend that he would never be able to close them again; his wife's glittered like a raven's; the jeweled toy lay shining on the big palm.

'Well—' at last said Mr. Fanshaw, drawing a long breath. A moment after, 'Bless my soul?' he exclaimed. 'I've hit it! It must have been put in my pocket by that ere woman we met, with the police close at her heels. Served her right if she did get caught,' added Tom, indignantly, 'the jade! putting such things in an honest man's pocket. But what a beauty it is, to be sure?'

A day or two later an advertisement appeared in the *Herald*, offering $100 reward for the box. Fanshaw's conscience had been set at rest in regard to the acceptance of such reward, and he agreed with his wife that she should go to the station-house and claim little Johnny—for they could afford to keep him on the reward—and meet her lord afterward at the jeweler's shop. When he reached it he stared through the plate-glass window in admiration for a minute or two and walked in, in the best possible spirits, and advanced toward the counter.

'I called about this advertisement,' said he, showing one that he had cut out of the paper; 'the box has come into my possession.'

'Oh, indeed,' replied the young man whom he addressed, with an unmistakable sneer—'Oh, indeed!'

'It happened very curiously,' Tom went on, glibly; 'I and my wife were walking——'

'Don't tell your story to me, if you please,' interrupted the shopman rudely; 'I'll mention your errand to my master.—Here, Jenkins, two upon ten.'

The shopman went by the inner passage, and Jenkins advanced from the other side of the shop and kept very close to Tom, in a manner which he could not but think offensive, especially as a man of far less respectable appearance was left standing unwatched at the opposite counter.—Worse than this, the meaning of the mysterious order 'two upon ten,' soon became obvious in the gluing of Mr. Jenkins's eyes upon the ten fingers, five of which were resting innocently upon the counter. Tom began to grow very uncomfortable. When finally the first salesman returned and preceded him into a private room, and Jenkins, calling another man to attend to the shop, joined quietly in behind, Tom felt that all his good spirits had unaccountably left him, and was conscious of wearing a hang-dog look, and of being treated surprisingly like a criminal.

Mrs. Fanshaw, with little Johnny in her hands, hovered about the door of the Jeweler's shop for a good quarter of an hour before her lord made his appearance.—When at length he did so, she fell back with a start and looked with terrified eyes into his face; the gas-light showed it to be of a deadly white.

'Heavens! Save us, Tom! What's the matter? You look like a ghost!'

'Stuff and nonsense,' he said, trying to speak angrily, but the words came thick and faint out of his throat. 'What! you've got the brat have you?'

'Yes, Tom. Poor little man, he was so pleased,' and the wife crept timidly nearer her husband.

'We shall never repent it, anyway, I'm sure. I couldn't have eaten my Christmas dinner comfortable if we hadn't done it, but haven't you—haven't you got the money?'

'Yes, I've got the money,' he growled between his set teeth.

Mrs. Fanshaw felt such a lump rise in her throat that she spoke no more till they were at home and in their own room. There she could no longer restrain her tears; they streamed down unnoticed over the new bonnet strings that she had tied with such pride an hour before.

'Oh, Tom!' she pleaded, 'I can't bear this. Only tell me what it means.'

'Means!' he exclaimed. 'It means that they don't believe a word of my story. It means that I shall loose my situation and my character, and be ruined, as sure as you're a living woman; thanks to you and that cursed brat! They don't prosecute, but they are going to write and inform the company.'

The next day Tom Fanshaw was summarily dismissed from the employment of the New York Central Railroad Company without a recommendation.

CHAPTER II.

'Land in sight!' What magic there is in these words as they fly from lip to lip on board a homeward-bound vessel. How the passengers come crowding up to catch the first glimpse of America, nearing momentarily; what agitated grasps of the hand there are between new friends, what reconciliation between ancient foes. Watch for a moment the deck of the Flying Scud, home-ward-bound from the South African diamond diggings. Yonder is a man, the centre of an excited group; he is the fortunate possessor of a good binocular, an invaluable treasure at such a moment. On this side sits a woman who, one may tell from her deep morning, has laid her husband to rest in that distant land; she strives in vain to see the coast with eyes blurred and dimmed with tears. Here is a man who left America several years ago, and he is wondering whether any will be alive to greet him on his return. Ah, what hopes, what fears, what beating hearts and straining eyes the good ship bears along as she comes bounding home to America!

In the midst of such a scene, four years after the events narrated in the last chapter, a husband and wife were standing together, quietly and earnestly gazing toward land. The woman's face was pale and calm, but a wistful look in the gray eyes and some deep lines about the mouth told their story of past trouble. Her husband, a hale, burly man, from the class perhaps of working farmers looked as if no cloud had ever rested on his handsome face; both were plainly but well dressed.

'Well,' the man was saying, 'I've come back to America a sight richer than I left it, that's certain. That last haul did my business, and glad enough I shall be to be home again;' then, as his wife did not immediately reply, he added, kindly:—'Come, cheer up, Jane. I know what you're thinking of; but you needn't be so down-hearted. We're sure to find him.'

'Ah, I don't know, the mother said, sadly; 'he may be dead and gone by this time, poor darling. If he is alive, he must be seven now. My baby, my baby, how could I leave him!'

'Well, my girl, I don't wonder at it,' replied the man in his hearty voice.—'You'd have stuck to him, I know, as long as you had a bit of bread to put in his mouth; and when you hadn't, I don't know but what you did the best you could for him.'

The woman looked up gratefully to to her husband, but tears filled her eyes. She took the great, brown hand and stroked it, saying softly: 'You are sure you forgive everything that went wrong before—before I left New York?'

'Why' what are you talking about Jenny? Didn't I tell you the day we were married that bygones should be bygones, eh, little woman? and havn't you been the best of wives to me for three years since then? It's just the sight of America that makes you foolish and nervous-like. You'll be all right as soon as you get there.

There was a little pause, and then the wife said, timidly:

'Harry, I've never told you exactly how I came to leave my baby, and to—to take the box. I should like to tell you, now.'

'Well, my dear,' he answered, without a shadow crossing his face, 'tell me now, if it will be a comfort to you; but don't feel obliged to.'

'No,' she replied, drumming softly with her fingers upon the side of the vessel. 'I should like to do it. After—after he deserted me, you know, we really were starving, my baby and I. That morning—we had been wondering about all night in the cold, and he cried for bread and I had none to give him. Ah, me! I can hear that little cry now! At last we came near the depot, and I could see the warm fire through the waiting, room window; I thought my baby would die soon if he wasn't fed, and all the courage went out of me. I put him down by the entrance, thinking perhaps some passenger might take pity on him. And then I watched under cover of the darkness, and saw them take him to the station-house. Oh, what a miserable, miserable place for a little child!'

'My poor girl!' said her husband compassionately, as she stopped, choked by her tears.

'The next day I was prowling about near the station-house—I couldn't go far from it, it always seemed to pull me back—when I came to a jeweler's shop where a lady was going in with a snuff box to be mended. I could see her unfolding the parcel, and then the jewels sparkling upon it. I longed for the food that it would have bought, and thought how cruel it was that she should have that splendid thing while my baby, my only treasure, must be taken from me.'

She waited a moment, and then went on, her eyes fixed upon the dim outline of the distant shore:

'The salesman left the shop, and the lady walked toward the door holding the box. I don't know what possessed me then. I rushed in, snatched it out of her hand, and ran away. There was a hue and cry for a police, and the next moment I could hear them behind me. I tried to go faster, but on turning a corner I ran up hard against a man. It stopped me, and then the horror came upon me of feeling myself a thief. I had never stolen a crumb before. I could not give myself up, and be dragged to prison, but I slipped the box into the man's pocket, and ran on. I thought he would feel it drop and give it directly to the policeman.'

'And are you sure that was the man who took little Johnny?' asked the husband; 'it hardly seems likely.'

'I am sure; his name was Fanshaw, too,' she answered; 'it was given in the paper, with the account of his having claimed the reward. I saw it afterward.'

'What made you think of going to South Africa?'

'Well when I knew that my boy had been taken out of the station-house, I determined not to die, as I thought I should, but to try to live for his sake. I obtained a position as stewardess on a ship bound for South Africa, and I thought it the only way to earn money somehow to support him. I have never heard of him since. I wonder why they have never answered my letters.'

'You wrote to the wrong place, most likely,' suggested the husband; 'however, it was lucky you remembered the jeweler's address all right, for if he had not acknowledged the receipt of the hundred dollars we refunded, and promised not to prosecute, we couldn't be here; but as to Johnny, you'll see Jane. We'll find him out, and have him home, and bring him up to be honest and true, and we'll find means to reward those that have been kind to him, never you fear,' and he stooped down and kissed her.

Thus it was that the mother of the deserted child returned to America—the happy, respected wife of an upright and successful man, yet yearning for her lost darling with a longing that never faded or grew dim. Daily during the homeward voyage she had pictured the meeting between herself and her boy, until she could feel the clasp of his little arms round her neck, but as the Flying Scud neared America a miserable restlessness took possession of her—a sick fear lest she could not find her child. Her husband was very tender with her, but he had no power to still the terror that filled the mother's soul. It was on a rainy morning early in Christmas week that Henry Bouton, the fortunate diamond-seeker, and his pale wife, landed at New York, and as soon as they had attended to their baggage they started together to look for the Fanshaws.

They went first to the old lodgings to which little Johnny had been traced by his mother. The door was opened by a man of whom they inquired the whereabouts of the Fanshaws.

'Walk in,' said he, civilly, when he had heard their query, 'and I'll inquire.' He did so, and a pleasant, chatty woman, came out with a baby in her arms. 'If you please, ma'am,' she said, 'the Fanshaws left here three years ago and more. When Mr. Fanshaw got into trouble my husband was put in his place with the railroad company, and as he couldn't afford to keep these lodgings we took 'em off his hands.'

Henry Bouton turned to smile cheerily at his wife, before he asked, 'What trouble was it?'

'Why, sir, I don't know that I can rightly tell you. It was something about a gold snuff-box that Mr. Fanshaw was supposed to have stolen, and he was dismissed from the company's service. His character was cleared afterwards by some letters from South Africa, and my husband said the company would have given him another situation, but they never could trace him. But lor' ma'am,' she exclaimed, suddenly breaking off, 'do let me get you a chair. You look ready to drop.'

Henry Bouton scarcely waited to thank the astonished woman for her information before he bore off his wife to the carriage that waited at the door. She cowered in a corner of it, and shivered as if cold, but said not a word.

'Don't take on so, Jenny,' urged her husband, drawing her shawl more closely around her, 'for my sake don't. You couldn't dream you were doing him such an injury, and we shall find them, I'm sure. Try to think of some other place where they may be heard of.' She shook her head hopelessly at first, but after a moment said eagerly, 'Twenty-first Precinct Station-house! They may know there.'

Thither the cabman drove, and ascertained the address of Mr. Fanshaw after leaving the above lodgings. After that it was only a matter of time to follow up the track. The Boutons drove from street to street, from lodging to lodging, each a degree poorer and shabbier than the last, to be met everywhere with the same sad story: 'He couldn't get no work, so they had to give up the rooms.' Jane Bouton's face grew paler and paler, and her lips became parched and dry. Every now and then her husband laid his broad hand encouragingly on hers, but few words were spoken.

At last they reached a dilapidated house, at whose open door a knot of dirty men were lounging. The often-repeated question was this time answered in the affirmative. Yes they were here. Fallen so low as this! The Boutons mounted the filthy stairs, swarming at every flight with squalid children, up and up till they reached the topmost garret. Here they knocked, and in a minute a woman came out, closing the door behind her. A woman—but could that lean, careworn creature, with untidy hair and threadbare clothes that hung loosly about her pinched figure, could that be the bonny, comely Mrs. Fanshaw of old days? Jane Bouton was past speaking by this time; her knees were shaking under her; she could hardly stand, but she signed to her husband to tell her story. He did so at once, in a frank manly way, standing all the time in the dreary passage. He touched tenderly upon the various incidents, but he omitted nothing, and he ended by humbly entreating forgiveness for his wife. His listener heard him in entire silence, and as he paused a failing voice called from within: 'Mother, Mother, do come!'

Mrs. Fanshaw turned without a word, and hurried back, leaving the door wide open. The Boutons followed her. There was not an atom of furniture in the wretched room, except two straw pallets and some old boxes which served as seats; no signs of food, no fire on that bitter day. On the floor beside the empty grate, crouched two boys of nine and ten, while a girl a year or two older was trying to infuse some of her own vital warmth into a little child of four. They were all dark-haired, and Mrs. Bonton's eye passed them and went to where Mrs. Fanshaw was bending over a pillow of straw, on which a little golden head was lying. The mother could contain herself no longer. She flew across the room and threw herself on her knees by the side of the pallet. 'My baby, my baby!' she cried. Johnny opened his eyes with a look of wonder, but did not speak.

'He is dying,' hoarsely whispered Mrs. Fanshaw; 'dying of hunger.'

For one moment Mrs. Bouton turned away her eyes from her child. 'Fetch food,' she motioned with her lips to her husband; and he was gone in a moment.

There was a silence in the room till his return, both women brooding over the child. At last he came laden with all that he had been able to seize in a raid of two minutes upon the pastry cooks, and followed by a boy bearing a steaming can of soup.

With a flood of tears Mrs. Fanshaw held her hand to the woman who had been the cause of her husband's ruin, saying: 'God bless you for having come in time to save him; he is like my own. I forgive you for his sake.' And the two woman embraced and kissed each other by the side of the child's poverty-stricken bed.

The sun rose bright and clear on Christmas Day. About noon Henry Bouton carried weak little Johnny in his strong arms to a warm cheery lodging in a healthy neighborhood. Most of the family had moved some hours before, so as to be ready to receive him, and the child looked around with amazement when he had been softly laid on the little white bed in the corner.

Mrs. Bouton had decked the room with evergreens, a cozy fire was crackling out its welcome, a kettle singing on the fire, and the table was spread for the dinner that was already sending forth savory whiffs from the adjoining kitchen. Mrs. Fanshaw was there, already beginning to smile and beam again, surrounded by her children in warm winter dresses and Mrs. Bouton waiting on them all. Johnny's ideas were vague as to the relationship in which she stood to him, but he had no objection to find a second mother in the loving woman who watched and petted him so tenderly.

Presently in came Mr. Fanshaw, who had been even forbidden to make his appearance earlier, and his astonishment was a sight worth seeing. An arm-chair had been drawn up to the fireplace, and Henry Bouton's cheery voice invited him into it. As he was about to sit down he found a bundle lying on the seat, but he almost let it drop again when he saw what it contained. Of all things in the world, a bran-new conductor's uniform! 'Yes, you are honorably reinstated, and promoted to a conductorship,' Henry Bouton was saying, when he recovered from his stupefaction. 'I wish you joy, I'm sure.'

'Now, little woman, let's have dinner.' They had dinner, and such a dinner! There was a turkey, of course, and roast beef, and sausages and mince pies, and a plum pudding and all the delicacies that were ever thought of. The very spirit of Christmas seemed to shine out of Henry Bouton's eyes, and to illumine his good humored face; he was resolved upon fun, and he was not a man to be daunted.

Bless you! the stories that he told, the jokes that he made, the absurdities that he perpetrated at that dinner would fill a volume, and then the children began first to laugh, and when the magnificent

apparition of the pudding, spouting fire with all its might, burst upon them, a genuine shout of baby glee came from the youngest, which rejoiced its mother's ears, and of which he was as proud as could be. The Boutons were in no hurry. They had taken rooms in the same house and meant to live there.

And there they live to this day, a thriving, happy, prosperous lot of people as one would wish to see.

The State of Feeling in New Orleans.

Citizens of Northern States can have a very imperfect notion of the morbid intensity of feeling in the Southern States. It was this which precipitated them into rebellion against all the dictates of reason. It is this intense feeling which drove them every now and then to a massacre of negroes or Northern whites than which they could do nothing more inimical to their own interests. It is this morbid intensity of feeling which dictates the insults to General Sheridan which are degrading them just now in the eyes of all sensible men, North or South. These contemptible insults are described as follows by the *Times* correspondent a writer who has shown every disposition to report favorably concerning Southern whites:

HOW GENERAL SHERIDAN IS ABUSED.

To hate General Sheridan appears just now to be a religion with them; to defame him is evidently considered the duty of every good citizen. Everywhere—in street cars, bar-rooms, hotels, and even in churches—I have heard men and women abusing him. This abuse is sometimes very unjust, and all the charges brought against the General are made without consideration or thought. For instance, he is blamed for the action of the troops on the 4th instant, notwithstanding the fact that he had not assumed command when the soldiers appeared in the State-house, and can not, therefore, be held responsible. This, however, is only a minor consideration. The troops were first called for by Democratic members, and their subsequent action might have been forgiven. It is the dispatch calling the people banditti which has caused Sheridan to be so intensely disliked. They feel that they have been insulted before the entire country, and it is one of their proud boasts that "a Louisianian never forgets an insult."

The popular hatred of Sheridan finds expression in many ways. He has several times been hung in effigy, and half the shop windows in New Orleans are decorated with some ludicrous caricature of him. In some places figures of venerable and respectable-looking old gentlemen are labeled, "This is one of the banditti." Many of the toy stores display ridiculous French dolls with immense heads and very short legs bearing the inscription, "I am not afraid." This, of course, has reference to Sheridan's dispatch stating that he had been threatened with assassination, but that he was not afraid. "I am not afraid" is now in everybody's mouth. The newsboys go through the street yelling out the usual 'terrible murder in Arkansas,' or 'horrible cutting affair,' always ending with "but I am not afraid." Several songs have already been composed, and entitled, "I am not afraid," and in the theatres pert actresses are gaining popularity and loud applause by exclaiming in and out of season "I am not afraid."

The General bears all this abuse and ridicule with commendable good nature and the utmost indifference. The other evening when he appeared in the hall of his hotel a number of unmannerly boors saluted him with hisses and suppressed exclamations of "I am not afraid;" he passed quietly through the crowd, paying no attention to the impertinence. Every day as he takes his place at the dinner-table he is stared out of countenance by a number of rude people who respect neither his honorable position nor the feelings of the ladies by whom he is accompanied. Nothing seems to disconcert or annoy him, however. He has sense enough to laugh at the petty insults referred to, and it is but justice to say that the mass of the people, although hating him with a bitter hatred, do not approve of the way he is treated by a few of their number.

Away from that commercial maelstrom, however, it is not thought a light thing to murder men in droves, and shoot down Republicans like dogs, by the hundreds and thousands. The blood-curdling stories of Colfax, Coushatta and Vicksburg; the long roll of murdered victims recounted in Sheridans' report; the reign of terror and intimidation throughout Louisiana; and the undisputed fact that the Democrats of that State have armed themselves in vast bodies to overawe and destroy or drive out their opponents, have excited in the minds of all thoughtful people a conviction that the Government should not permit this state of things to continue, and that its interposition is imperatively demanded for the protection of human life and the security of human rights.

What the Democrats demand is that the Republicans of the South shall either be exterminated or subjugated, and that the armed Rebels who have conspired to seize the State governments, should be left to work out their murderous plans unmolested by the General Government.

What the Rapublicans demand is, that the majority shall be allowed to rule, and be protected in all of their rights of person and property. The minority is armed, and the majority is not; it is but right, therefore, that the strong arm of the National Government should be stretched out to protect the unarmed majority against the armed minority. And that is about all there is of it.

Silent Men.

Washington never made a speech. In the zenith of his fame he once attempted it, failed, and gave it up confused and abashed. In framing the constitution of the United States the labor was wholly performed in committees of the whole, of which George Washington was a chairman; but he made two speeches during the convention of very few words each, something like one of Grant's speeches. The convention, however, acknowledged the master spirit, and historians affirm that had it not been for his personal popularity, and the thirty words of his first speech, pronouncing it the best that could be united upon, the constitution would have been rejected by the people. Thomas Jefferson never made a speech. He could not do it. Napoleon, whose executive ability is almost without a parallel, said that his greatest difficulty was in finding men of deeds rather than words. When asked how he maintained his influence over his superiors in age and experience when commander-in-chief of an army in Italy he said, by reserve. The greatness of a man is not measured by the length of his speeches and their number.

WHAT a broth of a boy our little Phil is! He goes off among the Indians, strikes out once or twice from the shoulder, and Mr. Lo folds his tent like the Arab and quietly orders Mrs. Lo to tote it home to the reservation on her shoulders, while he ambles off on his mustang, like a monarch of the forest as he is. Phil goes down to Louisiana to make a few inquiries for his over-advized and much bewildered friend, Mr. Grant, and arriving in the nick of time, telegraphs that, in view of the fact that she has too many disinterested and quarrelsome guardians; he has taken charge of our badly-reconstructed sister state. The vigor of his English is no less to be admired than the promptness of his movements. "If the President would issue a proclamation declaring the armed ring-leaders of the White League, "banditti" no further action need be taken except that which would devolve upon me." Very suggestive, is it not? If we were President that proclamation would be in type to-morrow morning. Phil is a man of war but he will 'have peace if he has to fight for it.' He reminds us, in this respect, of the lamented Buck Fanshaw, who "waltzed in, with spanner in one hand and a trumpet in the other, and had a riot all broken up and prevented before anybody got a chance to strike a blow."

Dr. JOEL SUTHERLAND, of Philadelphia, it was, we think, who stated that, in politics, he gauged his *principal* by his *interest*. He substituted *principal* for *principle*; and the people of the city of New York as a class, follow him to the letter. They are always looking out closely for number one. They sympathize with the Cuban revolutionists and the Louisiana Rebels, for the good of trade. They never forget their *principal*. Their devotion to it is intense; and when they meet to remonstrate against anything the Government is doing, old Money bags makes the oration. It is not, therefore, surprising to find that New York is at variance with the President on the Louisiana question. In a community where BEECHER is regarded as a saint, it may be no disparagement to another man to be spoken of as a sinner.

A SINGULAR FISH.—A nondescript flat fish, half shark, half ray, eight inches long, five wide and one and-sixteenth thick, has been found on the San Paulo (Brazil) coast, among rocks constantly bathed by the sea. It lives on the sea urchin, (*echinidæ*), attacks them and breaks off their spines with a bony beak, and when they are disarmed devours the flesh among the rocks, securing itself while doing so in a crevice by means of two strong fins, fortified by bony plates from the shoulders. Its back is rough and covered with spines. It appears altogether unknown to science, but as it looks very much like a bat the fisherman call it a sea bat.

IT IS a remarkable fact that nowhere, outside of New York city, has any Republican failed to come up promptly to the support of General SHERIDAN and the President in the Louisiana matter. The Republican members of the State Legislatures have all stood firmly by the President's policy; the Republican press everywhere outside of New York has done the same; leading Republicans have taken the same step, wherever they have had opportunity to speak; the Republican members of Congress have refused to yield to the Democratic clamor; and wherever men of sense, knowledge and judgment have gathered together, as the case, for instance, of the late meeting of Methodist clergymen in Boston, their sympathies have gone out unmistakably to the down-trodden and oppressed Republicans of Louisiana and the Southern States generally.

Miscellaneous.

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CHEMICALS, PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, NOTIONS, FANCY ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET, &c.

PURE WINE AND LIQUORS for medicinal purposes

SHOULDER BRACES,

TRUSSES & SUPPORTERS in great variety.

Also, Choice

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

and all other articles usually kept in a first class Drug Store.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

JAMES C. WILLIAMS.

E. JOSEPH & BRO., FANCY GOODS, &c.

GLORIOUS NEWS TO THE PUBLIC.

E. JOSEPH & BRO.

Hereby notify their friends that they have again gone into the

CLOTHING BUSINESS,

And have the

Largest and Finest Stock of Entire New Goods

EVER BROUGHT TO BELLEFONTE.

ALSO A SPLENDID STOCK OF ALL KINDS

WINTER GOODS.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES.

A Large Lot of BROWN MUSLIN, per yard, fine, at	8½ cts
A very good BLEACHED MUSLIN at	11 cts
A good Lancaster GINGAM at	10 cts
3 spools of GOOD COTTON at	10 cts
1 DOZ. Largest CLARK'S O. N. T. SPOOL COTTON at	75 cts
3 pair LADIES' WHITE HOSE at	25 cts
4 pair MEN'S HALF HOSE at	25 cts
1 Box Cloth-faced PAPER COLLARS, very good, at	20 cts
2 Gents White Linen HANDKERCHIEFS at	25 cts
10 Pieces of TOILET SOAP at	25 cts
Ladies' English White COTTON HOSE, per pair	25 cts
2 Large Pure LINEN TOWELS at	25 cts
1 DOZ. 1¼ yards long LINEN SHOE STRINGS at	5 cts
A GOOD FELT SKIRT	$1.25
DRAWERS AND SHIRTS, per set	75 cts
All Colors of WATERPROOF from	80 cts up
A CORSET good at	50 cts
A Full Line of SHAWLS	Cheap
A Full Line DRESS GOODS	Cheap
A yard TABLE-LINEN, very good, at	40 cts

LADIES FURS AND BUFFALO ROBES.

GIVE US A CALL!

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF

DRESS GOODS IN BLACK ALPACCAS,

We can give great bargains in these goods—have them at 25 cents and up.

WE HAVE REDUCED A FULL LINE OF DRESS GOODS to 15 cts. To CLOSE THEM OUT

RIBBONS,

HAMBURG EDGING

LADIES' TIES

WHITE ROUCHES & LACES

We also keep the finest kind of

Jewelry, Watches & Spectacles!

A STOCK OF MASON & HAMLIN'S PARLOR ORGANS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

17-tf E. JOSEPH & BRO.

S. A. BREW & SON, GROCERIES, &c.

S. A. BREW & SON,

SUCCESSOR TO FRYBERGER & MORAN,

GROCERS,

Next Door to the Post Office,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

WE will take all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE in exchange for goods in our line.

WE have a nice lot of ELEGANT LAKE HERRING,—will sell them at cost to close out.

WE are making a specialty of the following goods from now, Sept. 1st, to Dec. 1st, 1874.

Breakfast Bacon,

Plain Meats,

Sugar Cured Shoulders,

Sugar Cured Ham,

Salt in Sacks and Barrels,

Floor Oil Cloth,

And Crockery Ware.

COME AND SEE OUR STORE.

34-tf S. A. BREW & SON.

Medical.

CALDWELL'S

WINE AND IRON BITTERS

These celebrated Bitters are pure, safe and reliable; composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs with Citrate of Iron and pure native wine, made from the native grapes of California, the ingredients are choice, strengthening, purifying and life-giving medicinal agents, forming the most pleasant and healthy stimulating tonic and strengthening Bitters for improving the appetite giving tone and vital energy to the blood and system. For medicinal purposes, for family use, travelers, voyagers, etc., they cannot be surpassed. These bitters are in an eminent degree strengthening, purifying, diuretic stimulating and nourishing to the whole system, giving new life and activity to every organ and part alike, without that ever recurring reaction that follows the use of most all other tonics and stimulants in the market. For

DYSPEPSIA,

AND ALL FORMS OF

INDIGESTION,

Sour Stomach,

RHEUMATISM,

SCROFULA,

AND ALL

Impurities of the Blood,

DROPSY,

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS,

KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

GENERAL PROSTRATION,

AND NERVOUS HEADACHE

THEY HAVE NO RIVAL

AS A MORNING APPETIZER

No other Bitters in the universe can equal them. I lack space for detailing the availability of these Bitters, but will briefly state its general effects upon the human system, as follows:

It absolutely Purifies the Blood. It speedily corrects all morbid changes in the Blood. It equalizes the circulation of the Blood. It regulates the supply and quality of the blood. It prepares the blood to furnish a proper support to all the vital properties. It enriches the constituents of the Blood upon which the vital energy of the system is dependent. It infuses the proper degree of animal heat in the system. It purges from the system the morbid humors which retard its natural functions. It imparts vitality and elasticity to every organ of the body. It corrects all derangements, however trivial, which are the first origin of Disease. It promotes the operation of the digestive organs. It improves the appetite and removes all disagreeable feeling after eating. It perfects digestion, rendering it natural and easy. It acts as a mild and efficacious stomachic. It elevates the standard of all the vital forces. It strengthens the nervous fibres and diffuses a calm throughout the nervous system. It destroys all morbid conditions of the mind. It disperses dullness and languor. It banishes those clogs upon pleasure which produce gloom. It drives away those distressing symptoms which rob us of happiness. It revives the physical energies by infusing new life and power into the system. It fortifies the system against the dangers of malaria, fluctuations of the temperature changes in the climate, &c. In short, it prepares the system for the radical change to be wrought in its condition, and restores it to perfect health and natural vigor.

Caldwell's Cough Cure

FOR THE CURE OF

COUGHS, COLDS,

CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH,

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS,

DIPTHERIA, ASTHMA, and

THROAT & LUNG DISEASES GENERALLY

"If you purchase a bottle of your druggist use it all, and if you make up your mind that you have not received a benefit corresponding with the price paid, return the empty bottle and he will pay you back your money and charge it to me on his books. Thus neither he or yourself will lose in the operation, and I assure you that it contains nothing that can be injurious in any case.

You are not purchasing it of me, a stranger, but of your druggist—a gentleman whom you know and can trust. He will furnish you the medicine on the terms I have mentioned; an absolute guarantee—not that I will cure in every case, but that you will be satisfied in the use of the remedy.

CALDWELL'S

MAGNETIC CHLOROLOID

FOR

MAN AND BEAST.

For Internal and External use, the Magnetic Chloroloid is the most wonderful medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of

HEADACHE,

Rheumatism, Cholic, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, Cramps, Griping, Sprains, Bruises, Scalds, Sores, Concussion, Burns

Cholera Morbus,

Asiatic Cholera, Diarrhœa, Frosted Limbs, Dysentery, Eiptheria, Sore Throat,

SUNSTROKE,

CHILBLAINS, CORNS,

And Pains of all Kinds!

CALDWELL'S

LILY BALM

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE

COMPLEXION,

REMOVING

Freckles! Eruptions! SUNBURN,

ROUGHNESS AND TAN!

If the face is disfigured with

Blotches, Pustules, Freckles,

TAN, SUNBURN, &c.

The Lily Balm will speedily remove the blemish and impart softness, transparency, a roseate tinge and a pearl-like lustre to the complexion. It is utterly impossible to detect in the beauty it confers, the result of an artificial agent; the fresh and health-like tinge which it develops on the face, neck, hands and arms is unsurpassed by no other toilet article ever offered to the public.

FULL DIRECTIONS ON THE LABEL EACH BOTTLE.

W. C. CALDWELL, Proprietor and Manufacturer, MEDINA, N. Y.

6-20-

Dauchy & Co.,

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL PURELY DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA EUREKA VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovater and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Druggists & Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, & cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N.Y.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

7-1-3m-6v

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents, THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,.....Proprietors

EDWARD T. TUTEN, ...Editor
ROBERT P. TUTEN,.....Publisher.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance.

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY Morning, in Bellefonte Pa. by

E. T. & R. P. TUTEN,

the following rates

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....$2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..$3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, nless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
1 inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to E. T. & R. P. TUTEN, Proprietors.
Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ!!!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine,	$4.00	$5.25
Scribner's Monthly,	4.00	5.25
St. Nicholas,	3.00	4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly,	3.00	4.00
La Creme de la Creme,	4.00	5.00
Locke's National Monthly,	1.00	2.80
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.60
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly,	4.00	5.25
Harper's Bazar,	4.00	5.25
Forney's Press,	2.00	3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade,	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.00	3.65.

☞ We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

THE METHODST, AND REV. THOMAS GUARD.—An article in the *Episcopal Methodist* of January 30th., makes the following complimentary allusion to a lecture delivered by the Rev. Thomas Guard, on the same subject he has selected for to-morrow evening in the Court House, viz., "The Two Bibles."

The lecture delivered by Rev. Mr. Guard, of Mount Vernon Church, Baltimore, was well received. The subject was important and appropriate, suited the occasion and the times. It was handled in a most masterly style by the distinguished Divine, and was listened to in almost breathless silence, by a select and intelligent audience. We dare not attempt even an analysis of what we consider the finest specimen of this form of public speaking we have ever heard. It was "as if an angel shook his wings." Glittering gems, brilliant pearls fell thick and fast from the golden-mouthed orator. The happiest conception, purest logic and loftiest thought were combined with the charms of beauty; grandeur of metaphor seemed to glow with lustre; the morning was a bed of roses or threads of light woven at noon into "cloth of gold." Yet there was no ostentatious display of words of "leaned length and thundering sound." The simple, plain, affectionate minister of the Gospel, Mr. Guard, must win the love and reverence of all who know him. Happy the church that is blessed with such a pastor; it is no wonder his people love him "with a pure heart fervently." Long may he live to bless and to be blessed.

NOTICE.—There will be a meeting of the subscribers to the Bellefonte Library Association, on Saturday evening next, February 6th, at seven o'clock, in the Town Council rooms, to hear the report of the committee appointed to prepare a constitution and by-laws. Other important business will be transacted. A full attendance is desired.

By order of the Committee.

MEETING OF LUMBER MEN. The lumbermen of Philipsburg and vicinity held a meeting on Monday January 25, which the following is a report:

A meeting of the Lumbermen of Philipsburg and vicinity was held at the Moshannon House and called to order by Mr. Thomas McCauley, and on motion, Mr. C. Munson was elected President and O. Perry Jones Secretary.

On motion of G. J. Weiser it was resolved that we petition the P. R. R. Co. to make a reduction of 25 per cent. on rates of freight on Lumber. The following persons were selected as a committee to present the petition and make the request of the P. R. R. Co.: Messrs. G. J. Weiser, Thomas McCauley, George W. Hoover, G. F. Hoop, J. F. Steiner, John H. Lindsey, James B. Graham, and O. Perry Jones.

It was agreed that each firm pay a pro rata share of all expenses incurred, and that C. Munson act as Treasurer.

It was also agreed that we form ourselves into a permanent organization to be entitled the Lumberman's Exchange, and to be called together for that purpose by the President of this meeting.

Adjourned.

C. MUNSON, President.
O. PERRY JONES, Secretary.

——We had the pleasure of a call, on Thursday, from our old-time friend, Mr. Joseph W. Furst, of Clinton County. Mr. F. is an extensive grain dealer, a lumberman, store-keeper, a thoroughgoing business man, and a brother of the Furst lawyer at the Bellefonte bar.

——Messrs. Herman & Bro., who have their dry-goods store opposite the Bush House, are arranging to start a branch store at Osceola.

VINNIE REAM.—It may not be generally known that Vinnie Ream, the celebrated sculptress, was at one time a resident of Centre county. Her father, Robert Ream, lived for a number of years in Penns Valley, and afterwards was a clerk, during a period of about three years, for Edward C. Humes, now president of the 1st. National Bank, of Bellefonte, then in the merchantile business. "Bob" Ream, as he was called, was a quiet, hardworking man, and of course, never dreamed that his bright-eyed little daughter, would even acquire the reputation that has been accorded her by the American people.

——The following letter from a subscriber corrects a communication which appeared in these columns a few weeks since:—

MR. EDITOR.—In a late issue of your most welcome paper I saw the account of a son of Mr. Hoover having been frozen to death about the holidays, near the Intersection. This is not case and you will please correct the mistake. The family is poor but charitable neighbors and the overseers of the poor of Boggs township have kindly cared for them. PASSER-BY.

——FATAL ACCIDENT.—The "Journal" of Friday last gives the following account of the sad and untimely death of Mr. George W. Adams of Philipsburg:

By another of those distressing accidents which we are too often called upon to record, in connnction with the occupation of railroading, George W. Adams, of this place, lost his life, on Tuesday morning. He was assistant conductor on the train of which Ed. Bradin is conductor, which, leaving this in the morning, does hte work of the Moshannon Branch. On the second trip up the branch with a train of twenty-two empty cars for Franklin mines siding, when approaching the switch, nearly opposite the post-office at Houtzdale, the speed off the train was slackened to allow Mr. Adams—whose duty it was to turn all the switches—to jump off, run ahead and turn the switch. He was standing upon the bumper of the forward car, the engine being in the rear pushing the train, and when the train had almost ceased moving, jumped down in the centre of the track. The brakeman at the other end of the same car saw him jump, after which he would ordinarily be hidden from his view for a moment, on account of the height of the coal car, until he had got some feet away from train. The brakeman was struck by the fact that he did not come into view as soon as he ought to, and at the same instant saw the front of the car raise, and stantly gave the signal to stop. Jumping from the car he found Mr. Adams lying between the two wheels of the forward trucks, with his body across the rail, one wheel having passed over him. He was unable to speak, although he evidently attempted to do so, but, having the use of his arms, he gave the signal to back, after which he made no movement. As the bolsters of the brakes pressed upon him the car was lifted off, and he was carefully released and carried to the office of Reed Bro's & Co where he breathed faintly for about ten minutes and then expired.

The wheel passed over his body above the hips, crushing the spine and ribs, but not lacerating his body. It is supposed that his long overcoat caught upon the car as he jumped, throwing him down and under the train. Except that his right leg was crushed near the ankle, there were no other marks upon his body than those made by the wheel as described. His body was brought home on the passenger train, and was conveyed to Clearfield for burial on Thursday.

Deceased was an estimable citizen, respected by all who knew him, in his deportment always upright, of strict integrity and good habits. He was thirty-eight years of age, and leaves a wife and four small children, with whom the entire community deeply sympathizes.

——List of Unclaimed Letters remaining in the Bellefonte Post Office Feb. 1, 1875.

Wm. Adams, Andrew Allan, Mrs. Jennie Black, Mr. E. Baisne, Eli Baney, Mrs. Ellen Brown, A. Brown, Charles Bush, Miss Annie Boner, Mrs. Jane G. Brown, John Chatham, Johanna Donavan, H. Dixon, Wm. Dillen, Christian Eckly, Nelson Fiach, Mrs. Mary Freidel, Philip Gross, John Getz, Hugh Glenn, Mrs. Sarah Grassmyer, David Gilliland, Mrs. Mary Hermigh, David Hough, Mollie J. Hogamiller, Mrs. Mary R. Hamilton, Mrs. Gertrude M. Irwin, Wm. Kilgore, Miss Beckie Koble, M. E. Kephart, Mrs. Annie Kolhouse, Samuel E. Lytle, Wm. Martin, Martin McGuin, Mrs. Mahala Mills, Wm. Raymond, Miss Jennie Rose, Mrs. Rickard, Mrs. Malinda Shultz, John Switzer-2, W. Spade, James Swartz, Snyder Tate, John W. Tate, Miss. Kate Uhley.

POISONED TO DEATH.

A healthy liver secretes each day about two and a half pounds of bile, which contains a great amount of waste material taken from the blood. When the liver becomes torpid or congested, it fails to eliminate this vast amount of noxious substance, which, therefore, remains to poison the blood and be conveyed to every part of the system. What must be the condition of the blood when it is receiving and retaining each day two and a half pounds of poison? Nature tries to work off this poison through other channels and organs—the kidneys, lungs, skin, etc.; but these organs become overtaxed in performing this labor, in addition to their natural functions, and cannot long withstand the pressure, but become variously diseased.

The brain, which is the great electrical centre of all vitality, is unduly stimulated by the unhealthy blood which passes to it from the heart, and it fails to perform its office healthfully. Hence the symptoms of bile poisoning, which are dullness, headache, incapacity to keep the mind on any subject, impairment of memory, dizzy, sleepy, or nervous feelings, gloomy forebodings and irritability of temper. The blood itself being diseased, as it forms the sweat upon the surface of the skin, is so irritating and poisonous that it produces discolored brown spots, pimples, blotches and other eruptious, sores, boils, carbuncles and scrofulous tumors. The stomach, bowels, and other organs spoken of, cannot escape becoming affected, sooner or later, and costiveness, piles, dropsy, dyspepsia, diarrhœa, female weakness, and many other forms of chronic disease, are among the necessary results. As a remedy for all these manifestations of disease, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with small daily doses of his Pleasant Purgative Pellets are positively unequalled. By them the liver and stomach are changed to an active and healthy state, the appetite regulated and restored, the blood and whole system renovated and built up anew. Sold by first class druggists and dealers in medicine.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

—We have our on table the February number of *Arthur's Magazine*, published by T. S. Arthur & Son, No. 809 and 811 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. This magazine has not come to us regularly of late, we notice this the mere readily as our folks had become very much attached to it and watched for its coming with a great deal of interest, which would not have been the case, is it was not one of the best and most interesting magazines. A work of this kind, however, is of very little use to us unless it comes regularly. The proprietors therefore must not be surprised if, in the future, we fail to notice unless every number is sent so that we can keep a complete file. We can say to our readers though, that *Arthur's Magazine* is first-class and no one would be sorry having subscribed for it. Try it and you will find every word we say about it just so.

—The *St. Nicholas*, conducted by Mary Mapes Dodge and published by Scribner & Co., 654 Broadway, New York, stands at the head of the class as a magazine for the young folks. Its equal is not to be found in the United States, if indeed in the world. It is printed on clear, white paper and is a marvel of mechanical art, a thing of beauty. Its influence upon the young mind cannot be other than pure and elevating. Terms, $3,00 a year or with the REPUBLICAN at rates as advertised in another part of this paper.

—The *Illustrated Household Magazine* for January is at hand, a little behind time but seems to be greatly improved in appearance. It is furnished at the low price of one dollar a year. It is a very interesting and beautiful magazine well worth all its costs. Address, Household Publishing Co., 41 Park Row, New York.

"PETERSON'S JOURNAL OF POPULAR LITERATURE."—The February number of this new Magazine comes to us full as ever of brilliant and entertaining fiction. But the articles which will doubtless attract most attention, and cause most discussion, are two on widely different subjects. The first, by Henry Peterson, suggests the important scientific question, whether this solid earth on which we live is not continually growing in size—feeding, as it were, upon the air and the ocean—and whether the amount of water is not being thus diminished yearly, by becoming incorporated with the solid substance. The Revelation of St. John as to the 'new heaven, and new earth, and no more sea,' is quoted in this connection. The other article is on "*The Cause and Cure of the Hard Times.*" The writer of this, "John Smith," (whom we think we have heard before), does not agree with the Secretary of the Treasury in thinking that the present paper currency is the cause of the "Hard Times," or that economy on the part of those having the control of capital is the cure. On the contrary, he thinks the currency has nothing to do with it—and that the cause is the too rapid withdrawal of capital in the past ten years, by a heavy system of taxation, from the channels of business, in order to pay off the national debt. He further says that if our people have been "spending too much and producing little," it is very curious that our granaries should be overflowing, our shelves full of clothing, and our mills working half-time. But we refer our readers to the article itself, as containing a very able statement of what perhaps we may call the paper money side of the Hard Times question.

Mr. Henry Wood's story called "Francis Hildyard," is very finely written; and there is also a charming little poem, "A Bride Song," by Christina G. Rossetti, which will attract attention.

Terms: $3,000 a Year in Advance. An extra copy will be supplied free for one year to any person sending a Club of Five Subscribers, at $3,00 each. The postage will be prepaid by the Publishers, without extra charge, in accordance with the new law. Specimen copies 25 cents. Address H. Peterson & Co. 920 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

LOCKE'S NATIONAL MONTHLY.—The February number of this valuable magazine is sprightly and readable in an unusual degree. It is entertaining without being heavy, and humorous and amusing without lever stooping to the treatment of its subjects in a broad or questionable manner. None of its literature is "cheap," and yet it does not aim to be a *Blackwood* or an *Atlantic Monthly*. The number opens with the second part of "Orange Groves," a sketchy pleasant account of experience in the South, by Marion Pearl, followed by a touching biographical study from the pen of Wm. H. Mahar, ("Richard Grant"). Mary Hartwell has a brief but graphic story under the title of "A Better Country," and E. G. Marne writes of "An Old Homestead" in a way that will touch a responsive chord in many a heart. Mrs. Rose L. Segur contributes a well written paper on "Senator Schurz as an Educator," while the Department of Humour is well filled by Eben E. Rexford, Frank R. Stockton and other well-known writers. Miss Amelia LaForge has a pleasant well-written story under the title of "Harald's Boy." The number is amply worth the ten cents asked for it, and is certainly very reasonable at only one dollar a year. Locke & Jones, publishers, Toledo, Ohio.

—*Harper's Magazine* for February is at hand This work is so well known that comment upon it is almost superfluous. The present number is as beautiful and interesting as any that has preceded. Harper's publications stand at the head of all others in the world. Terms, $4.00 a year. Address, Harper & Brothers, New York.

—*Peters' Parlor Music* is a collection of easy and moderately difficult piano music. The number before us contains 23 pages of music, more in this single number than could be bought at any music store for the price of a year's subscription, which is only $4.00 a year or 50 cents a single number. Address J. L. Peters, 599 Broadway, New York, or furnished with REPUBLICAN on same terms as *La Creme de la Creme*, advertised in another column.

—We are sorry to miss from our table *Demorests' Magazine*, one of the best fashion books published in America. It has been a constant visitor ever since we have had charge of the REPUBLICAN and was always welcome. It is possible that the Postal law may have frightened it away. Any of our lady readers who desire a fashion book would do well to give this one a trial. No doubt it could be clubbed with the REPUBLICAN.

THE REPUBLIC MAGAZINE.—For January, published at Washington, D. C., contains a great variety of timely articles on the leading questions of the day, among which are, "Crime in the South—Its Cause and the Remedy;" "Jackson and Grant—Historical Parallels;" "The Question at Issue;" "Sheridan in Louisiana;" "Governer Tilden on the recent Amendments to the Federal Constitution;" "Louisiana—The Exigency of the Hour;" "Practical Art-Education for Mechanics;" "The Despot of To-day;" "Our Internal Commerce;" together with a review of the "Work in Congress" up to the date of publication, and a number of other equally important papers on live subjects. It also contains an appendix of about 35 pages, embracing the President's message and accompanying official correspondence of Louisiana affairs.

Published monthly at $2.00 a year, including postage prepaid by the publishers. Address "Republic Publishing Co., Washington, D. C."

—*The Religio-Philosophical Journal* is a paper of great value to all who take any interest in Spiritualism. The firm stand it takes upon all reforms is also to be commended. It asserts that it holds, in common with nearly the entire mass of Spiritualists, no fellowship with the so-called "*Social-freedom*" movement, and we discover that it deals fairly with all questions and exposes fraud and deception wherever found. We see the puplisher now offers to send it to new subscribers on trial, three months, for the small sum of 25 cents, which must be less than the white paper costs. Those who have a curiosity to see the paper should now send for it. Address, S. S. Jones, Editor, corner of Adams St. & 5th Avenue, Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column.

THE ALDINE for February, 1875 (No. 14 of the current series, as the publishers seem to prefer calling it), leaves the reader a little in doubt whether the impression created by the previous number—that it was a trifle better, especially in variety, than could be kept up as an average—was indeed well founded. For the February number is quite the equal of the January in variety, and it has one or two features of rare excellence. Artistically there are few better drawings, and scarcely ever any better wood-engravings, "Keeping the Peace," a dog picture by Peter Moran, quite worthy of Landseer in his best days, with which the number opens. The late John A. Hows supplied just before his death, the three exquisite "Views of the Conemaugh," which follows; and not even he ever did any better work than some of the rock, tree and water elaborations of these fine pictures. "Two Pleasant Occupations," and "The Fortunate Moment," are companion pieces, after Rudaux pleasantly telling the conclusion of that rural love-story of which the *Aldine* has before given more than one charming glimpse by the artist. "Hunting the Stag," is a noble full-page picture, well conveying that grand sport in the costumes and manner of the olden time; and a singugarly well-drawn little picture without a name, but showing two girls rolling about on the summer grass—and three veiws of oddly beautiful Peterborough Cathedral, one of the handsomest in England—make up the art contents of the number really perfect enough, well to warrant the secondary name; the "Art Journal of America."

The Aldine Company has de termined to establish an Art Union, similar to the well-known Art Union in England, and distribute its work of art, both of sculpture and paintings which are constantly collecting among its subscribers Art premiums, valued at $2,000 will be distributed among each series of 5,000 subscribers. Subscription tickets, at $5 each, entitle the holder to the *Aldine* for a year, to the new chromo and to a ticket in the distribution of art premiums. THE ALDINE COMPANY, publishers, No. 58 Malden Lane, New York City.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

☞ E. F. KUNKLE'S BITTER WINE OF IRON

has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with Symptoms; indisposition to exertion; loss of memory; difficulty in breathing; general weakness; horror of disease; weak, nervous trembling; dreadful horror of death; night sweats; coldfeet; weakness; dimness of vision; languor; universal lassitude of the muscular system; enormous appetite with dyspeptic systems; hot hands; flushing of the body; pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood; pain in the back; heaviness of the eyelids; frequent black spots flying before the eyes with temporary suffusion and loss of sight; want of attention, etc. These symptoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that use E. F. Kunkle's Bitter wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Take only E. F. Kunkle's.

Beware of counterfeits and base imitations. As Kunkle's bitter wine of Iron is so well known all over the country, druggists themselves make an imitation and try to palm it off on their customers, when they call for Kunkle's Bitter wine of Iron.

Kunkle's Bitter wine of Iron is put up only in $1 bottles and has a yellow wrapper nicely put on the outside with the proprietor's photograph on the wrapper of each bottle. Always look for the photograph on the outside, and you will always be sure to get the genuine. $1 a bottle, or six for $5 dollars. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkle, 258 North Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. Send for circular. For removing all ordinary worms, call on your druggist and get a bottle of Kunkle's Worm Syrup. 4-4t

AMERICANS ARE A NATION OF DYSPEPTICS.—We live fast, dissipate and fill early graves. We drink all kinds of alcoholic spirits, and swallow, without mastication, pork, grease, and every kind of life-destoying, system-clogging, indigestible food. Dr. Walker's Vegetable Vinegar Bitters will remove the evil effects, and the recovered patient, with pure, vitalized electrical blood flowing through his veins will have a clearer judgment, which added to experience, will cause him to abstain in the future. 4-4t

WHEN a discoverer of any scientific subject asks the co-operation of the learned in science, to test the merit and truth of his discovery by severe tests and practical results, and then to indorse and recommend it, it is fair to presume it is valuable for the purpose intended. Such has been the course pursued by Messrs. Hall & Co., proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. And all those who have tested it (among whom we may mention Dr. A. A. Hayes and S. Dana Hayes, Chemists and State Assayers of Massachusetts; Walter Burnham M. D. Prof. of Surgery in Penn. University, Philadelphia; George Gray, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology,) assert it is the best preparation in use for all cutaneous diseases of the scalp, restores gray hair to its original color, prevents the hair from falling out, creates a new growth, it is certainly worthy of a trial.—*Newburyport Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

PERSONS who have become thoroughly chilled from any cause, may have their circulation at once restored by taking into the stomach a teaspoonful of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment mixed in a little cold water, well sweetened.

Every farmer who owns a good stock of horses, cattle and sheep, and intends to keep them through the winter, should get at once a good stock of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders. One dollar's worth will save at least half a ton of hay.

CONSUMPTIVES, TAKE NOTICE.—Every moment of delay makes your cure more thelpless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure for consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. Dr. Schenck's Almanac, containing the certificates of many persons of the highest respectibility, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences will show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck certifies that most any case of Consumption may be cured.

Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Corner Sixth and Arch St., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. 5-4t

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Feb. 3, 1875.

WHEAT.—Our wheat market continues exceedingly dull. The price seems to have reached the minimum; but holders are reluctant to sell, and the millers are just as independent about buying. The price of flour is so low and the territory, justly belonging to them, being supplied by western shippers, they having advantage of extreme low rates of freight, that it is impossible for our millers here to do an extended trade, hence the limited demand for wheat.

RYE.—Rye is in demand and is worth as much pound for pound as wheat.

CORN.—Corn is in fair request and we advance our quotations.

OATS.—Oats are nominal.

SEED.—Choice cloverseed is wanted at our quotations, but it must be good seed and clean.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 00
Red wheat	1 00
Rye per bushel	90
Corn, ears	60
Corn, shelled	65
Oats,	55
Clover seed, choice	5.75
Flour, retail per barrel	6.00
Flour, wholesale	5.50
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$25 00
Hay Mixed per ton	20 00
STRAW FOR GLASS WORKS.	
Oat straw for packing per ton	10 00
Wheat straw, short per ton	8 00
STRAW AT PAPER MILL.	
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	11 00
Short straw per ton	8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	8
Apples per bus	—
Peaches, dried, per lb	20
Cherries, dried, per lb	7
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	20
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	10
Cheese per lb	22
Hams per lb	20
Bacon	13 & 14
Sides	—
Lard per lb	12½
Eggs per doz	25
Tallow, per pound	7
Rags,	—
Potatoes per bushel	70
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6c
Pork by the hog	8c

Philadelphia Market Report.

Monday, Feb. 1, 1875.

REMARKS—The unfavorable weather since our last issue has caused increased dullness in mercantile circles, and the aggregate business has been quite small. Money continues abundant, and the supply of funds seeking investment is largely in excess of the demand, which is a natural reflex of the general apathy of industrial pursuits. The stocks of goods throughout the South and Southwest were never smaller than at this time, and the merchants, with few exceptions, anticipate an active Spring demand.

WHEAT—There has been no improvement in the market, and nothing except the paucity of the receipts of Winter enables holders to maintain present prices. Sales 2,800 bus Penna and Western Red at $1,18a1,22; 5,200 bus of Western Amber at $1,22a1,25; 800 bus of Western White, fair, $1,22a1,30; and 400 bus do do, choice, at $1,35. Receipts for the week, 36,400 bus.

RYE—There is very little coming forward. Sales of Penna and Western at 92a92c. Receipts for the week, 1,100 bus.

CORN—The receipts have materially increased but they are mostly intended for direct shipment. The offerings from day to day have been very moderate, and the demand is limited at a decline of 2a3c ₱ bus. Sales of 24,000 bushels Southern, Penna. and Western Yellow, part in the cars and part in the Elevator, at 77a80c; 5,000 bus Western high mixed at 81c, f. o. b.; 5,000 bus do do at 77½a79c; 1,200 bus do do, prime dry, in the cars, early in the week, at 82c, and 30,000 bus do do on secret terms. To-day the markets closed steady, with sales of 4,000 bus Southern, Penna. and Western Yellow at 77a78c chiefly at 77c in the cars; and 28,000 bus Western high mixed at 78c, f. o. b. Receipts of the week, 196,800 bus.

OATS—There has been a steady demand, and prices are well maintained. Sales of 30,000 bus Western White at 61c; 2,100 bus do do, very choice, at 63c; and 4,200 bus do light mixed at 65a66c. Today 1,400 bus White sold at 67c. and 1,600 bus mixed at 65c. Receipts for the week 24,090 bus.

——Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1, 1875

	BID.	ASKED
U. S. 1881, c	19¾	19¾
" 5-20, c. '62, M. and N	15¾	16
" " " '64, " "	17¾	18
" " " '65, " "	19¾	19¾
" " " '65, J. and J.	18¾	18¾
" " " '65, " "	19¾	19¾
" " " '68, " "	19¾	20
" 10-40, coupon	16¾	16¾
" Pacific 6's cy	19¾	19¾
New 5's, Reg. 1881	14¾	14¾
" " c. 1881	14¾	14¾
Gold	13¾	13¾
Silver	106	108
Pennsylvania	55¾	55¾
Reading	56¾	56¾
Philadelphia & Erie	22	22¾
Lehigh Navigation	51¾	51¾
" Valley	62¾	63¾
United R. R. of N. J.	129¾	130
Oil Creek	14¾	14¾
Northern Central	34	34¾
Central Transportation	43¾	43¾
Nesquehoning	56	56¾
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '80	102	102¾

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA?

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no markal results, but gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alternative known."

Ask your druggist for it.

For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 6-4t

AGENTS, 46,000 Boxes Chang Chang sold last month. Enables any one to polish shirts, collars and cuffs equal to new. Costs only one cent to do a large ironing, and preserves the linen, necessary as soap and sells at sight. Men, Women, Boys and Girls furnished with steady employment. Particulars free. An elegant chromo given with each box for 35 cts. Chang Chang Manuf. Co., 7 West Street, Boston. 46-4t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VEGETINE

PURIFIES THE BLOOD, RENOVATES AND INVIGORATES THE WHOLE SYSTEM.

Its Medical Properties are

ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT AND DIURETIC.

Vegetine is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout and Spinal Complaints, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scaldhead and Ringworm, Vegetine has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and uterine diseases and General Debility, Vegetine acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpatation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has ever given such perfect satisfaction as the Vegetine. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by Vegetine have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, Vegetine is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable BLOOD PURIFIER yet placed before the public.

PREPARED BY

H. R. STEVENS, BOSTON, MASS.

WHAT IS VEGETINE?—It is a compound extracted from barks, roots and herbs. It is Nature's Remedy. It is perfectly harmless from any bad effect upon the system. It is nourishing and strengthening. It acts directly upon the blood. It quiets the nervous system. It gives you good, sweet sleep at night. It is a great panacea for our aged fathers and mothers; for it gives them strength, quiets their nerves, and gives them Nature's sweet sleep—as has been proved by many an aged person. It is the great Blood Purifier. It is a soothing remedy for our children. It has relieved and cured thousands. It is very pleasant to take; every child likes it. It relieves and cures all diseases originating from impure blood. Try the Vegetine. Give it a fair trial for your complaints; then you will say to your neighbor, friend, and acquaintance, "Try it; it has cured me."

Vegetine for the complaints for which it is recommended, is having a larger sale throughout the United States than any other one medicine. Why? VEGETINE WILL CURE THESE COMPLAINTS.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

BOSTON, Dec. 12, 1869.

Gentlemen—My only object in giving you this testimonial is to spread valuable information. Having been badly afflicted with Salt Rheum, and the whole surface of my skin being covered with pimples and eruptions, many of which caused me great pain and annoyance, and knowing it to be a blood disease, I took many of the advertised blood preparations, among which was any quantity Sarsaparilla, without obtaining any benefit until I commenced taking the Vegetine, and before I had completed the first bottle I saw that I had got the right medicine. Consequently, I followed on until I had taken seven bottles, when I was pronounced a well man, and my skin is smooth and entirely free from eruptions. I have never enjoyed so good health before, and I attribute it all to the use of Vegetine. To benefit those afflicted with Rheumatism, I will make mention also of the Vegetine's wonderful power of curing me of this acute complaint, of which I have suffered so intensely.

C. H. TUCKER, Past Ag't Mich C. R. R.
2-4t 69 Washington St., Boston.

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,

(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR, FEED, &c.,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

The highest market price paid for

WHEAT, RYE,

CORN,

OATS, &c

6-39-1y

FREE SAMPLES to agents. Ladies' Combination Needle Book, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Mass. 44-4t

WANTED--AGENTS for the BEST SELLING PRIZE STATIONERY PACKAGE OUT. Sample Package, post-paid, for 25c. Circulars free. J. BRIDE, 767 Broadway, New York.

300 PIANOS and ORGANS NEW and SECOND-HAND of FIRST-CLASS MAKE will be sold at LOWER PRICES for cash, or on INSTALLMENTS, or for rent, in CITY or COUNTRY, DURING THIS MONTH, by HORACE WATERS & SON, NO. 481 BROADWAY, than EVER BEFORE OFFERED in NEW YORK. SPECIALTY: PIANOS and ORGANS TO LET UNTIL the RENT MONEY PAYS the PRICE of the INSTRUMENT. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED. A LARGE DISCOUNT to MINISTERS, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, LODGES, &c. 46-4w.

Work for all At home, male or female; $35 per week, day or evening. NO CAPITAL. WE SEND VALUABLE PACKAGE OF GOODS by mail free. Address with six cent return stamp, M. YOUNG, 173 Greenwich St., N. Y.

WANTED AGENTS for the LIFE AND EXPLORATIONS OF DR. LIVINGSTONE. Complete, authentic, a fresh book. Prices suited to the times. Address, B. B. Russell, Publisher, Boston, Mass. 4w

Whisky & Midnight Send stamp & CO., Hart's Falls, N. Y. ENSVAW 32-4t

What I Know about Agents, or how to clear $100 to $300 per month selling Chromos, Stereoscopic Views, Maps and Charts. Apply at once to D. L. GUERNSEY, Concord, N. H. 46-4t

SPIRITUALISM.

The recent extraordinary attention the subject is attracting, and its investigation by eminent scientists, increases the demand for current literature devoted to the subject. In order that all may become familiar with the most able, fearless, and widely circulated exponent of Spiritualism, we will send the

RELIGIO-PHILOSOPHICAL JOURNAL

3 MONTHS FOR 30 CENTS,

Postage prepaid by us after Jan. 1, 1875.

The JOURNAL is a large 8-page weekly paper, regular price $3 per year—now in its ninth year. Address S. S. JONES, Editor, 180 East Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. N. B.—State where you saw this advertisement. 2-4t

MOTHER'S MAGAZINE

Is one of the oldest and best monthlies for the family circle within our knowledge. It is ably conducted, and its pages well filled by talented and experienced writers.—[Christian Observer & Commonwealth, Louisville, Ky.

It is a very useful and instructive magazine, and should be in the hands of every mother.—[Haverhill (Mass.) Gazette.

Terms, $1,60 a year, postage paid. Carefully selected Engravings to subscribers, at cost. Send ten cents for specimen copy and terms.

Address, MOTHER'S MAGAZINE,
47-8w P. O. Box 3157, New York.

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere until you have learned what we offer. G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. 7-2-1y

FREE SAMPLE to Agents. LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. F. P. Gluck, New Bedford, Mass. 3-4t

TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE!

144 pages, illustrated. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading by both sexes, married or single. About physiology of Reproduction of healthy and beautiful children. Marriage; whom to marry; proper age; marriage impediments; nervous debility; sexual inability; blood impurities, &c.; causes and consequences. Price 50 cents; sent securely sealed. Address

WM. WHITTIER, M. D.,
296 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

N. B.—Dr. Whittier specially treats private diseases and all affections mentioned in his work, with greatest success. Cures guaranteed. Consultation—personally or by letter—confidential and free. Call or write. 7-4-1y

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.—The auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to take additional testimony in the matter of the exceptions to the account of the Executors of John Reesman, late of Penn township, dec'd, to pass upon the said exceptions, and to report a schelude of distribution of the balance in the hands of the Executors, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Tuesday, the 23rd day of February, 1875, at 1 o'clock P. M., at his office in Bellefonte, when and where all parties interested may, if they see proper, attend.

D. S. KELLER,
5-3t Auditor.

NOTICE—Is hereby given that an application for a charter of incorporation for the "Emanuel Congregation of the Reformed Church in the United States," located in Jacksonville in said county, will be presented to a Law Judge of said Court on Friday, the 19th day of February, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Court House in Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested, may, if they see proper attend. The character and object of said corporation to be similar to those of incorporated religious societies in general.

D. S. KELLER,
5-4t Att'y for applicants.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Common Pleas of Centre County for the incorporation of the "BELLEFONTE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION," the purpose and object of which is to establish and maintain a Public Library to be located in the borough of Bellefonte with reading room connected therewith, for the use and enjoyment of the subscribers to the Articles of Association.
5-3t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Pursuent to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre Co., will be sold at public sale on the premises in Boalsburg, Centre Co., Pa., on Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1875, the following described real estate, late of William Mayes, deceased, to wit:

A valuable House and Lot, known in the general plan of said town as lot 44, fronting southward, on the North side of Pine street four rods, and extending Northward about ten rods to North alley, and further bounded on the East by land of Thomas Holliban, (now John Myers) and on the West by an alley, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereto belonging. The improvements are a story and a half Log House, frame Stable and other out buildings.

Terms of sale one half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year to be secured by Bond & Mortgage on the premises. WILLIAM DURST.
5-3t Administrator.

ESTRAY.—Came to the enclosure of the subscriber in Ferguson twp., about the first of November, a red steer, little white on the belly, ears slightly cropped, about 1½ years old. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. J. W. CAMPBELL.
5-3t*

ELECTION POCLAMATION.

COMM. OF PA., H. R.,
Harrisburg, Jan. 13th, 1875.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to B. F. Shaffer, High Sheriff of the County of Centre:

WHEREAS, By the returns of the election of the House of Representatives, held on the first Tuesday of November last past and delivered by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, it appears that S. S. Wolf was elected member of the House of Representatives for the District composed of the county of Centry; and

WHEREAS, Said S. S. Wolf died since the said election. And

WHEREAS, By the provisions of the Constitution and laws of said Commonwealth the duty has devolved upon me, as Speaker of the House of Representatives, to issue a writ of election to fill said vacancy and appoint a day for the holding of said election, now these are to notify you that I, by virtue of the authority vested, as aforesaid, in me, as Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, hereby appoint Tuesday, the 16th day of February, 1875, as the day for holding the election in the several election districts of the representative district composed of the county of Centre to fill the vacancy existing in said district, as aforesaid. And you are hereby directed to give at least ten days notice of said election and that said election shall be held and conducted according to the Acts of the Assembly in such case made and provided.

Given under my hand and seal at Harrisburg, this 13th day of January, A. D., 1875.

SAMUEL F. PATTERSON,
Speaker H. R. [L. S.]

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, B. F. Shaffer, High Sheriff of Centre County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on TUESDAY, the 16th day of February, 1875, for the purpose of electing

One person duly qualified for member of the Assembly.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of John Limbert (Aaronsburg).

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for the purpose, on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter, at the public house of John Odenkirk, Old Fort Hotel.

For the township of Gregg, at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher, Penn Hall.

For the township of Ferguson, in the school house at Pine Grove.

Legal Notices.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the Borough of Bellefonte and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the Borough and township of Howard, at the school house in said Borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at the Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kline in Jacksonville.

For the Borough of Milesburg, at the school house at Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the house of John Reed.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of Wm. S. Musser.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of the late J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Manns.

For the Borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville.

For the Borough of Philipsburg, at the new school house in said borough.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person excepting the justices of the peace, who shall hold any office, appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 25th day of January in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy five, and in the ninety-ninth year of the Independence of the United States.

B. F. SHAFFER,
5-3t Sheriff of Centre County.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, December 31st, 1874.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$341,120 57
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	24,750 00
Due from redeem'g and reserve agts.	27,610 20
" " National Banks	2,530 17
" " State Banks and Bankers	25,561 29
Real Estate Furniture and Fixtures	5,746 37
Premiums paid	25 58
Checks and other Cash Items	3,986 51
Bills of other National Banks	7,436 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g Nickel)	337 90
Legal Tender Notes	25,741 00
Redemption fund with U S Treasurer	4,375 00
Due from U S Treas. other than Redemption fund	1,000 00
	$590,220 59

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	45,000 00
Other undivided profits	1,856 15
National Bank Notes outstanding	87,500 00
Dividends unpaid	5,000 00
Individual Deposits	104,207 11
Time Certificates of Deposit	213,614 47
Due to other National Banks	31,051 94
" State Banks and Bankers	1,990 92
	$590,220 59

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
County of Centre SS: }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 12th day of January, 1875.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, N. P

Correct Attest;

E. C. HUMES,
ADAM HOY,
J. A. BEAVER. } DIRECTORS.
3-3t

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber in Snow Shoe twp., about Dec. 1, 1874, a two year old steer, red with some white on the belly. No marks of any kind upon him. Short horns and quite thick. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying charges. TAYLOR GUNSALLUS.
3-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—The will of John Mayes, deceased, late of Harris twp., having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereunto have been issued to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE WASSON,
3-3t* Executor.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.—The will of Caroline C. Summy, late of Benner twp., having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereunto have been issued to the undersigned, of which all persons interested will please take notice. ANGELINE McBRIDE,
1-6t* Executrix.

NOTICE is thereby given to owners of, and persons interested in Unseated Lands, in Centre county, that an appeal for the valuation and assessment of such lands, will be held at the Commissioners office, in Bellefonte, on the 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th days of February, 1875.

SAM'L GRAMLEY.
R. H. FORSTER, Clerk. A. C. HINTON, J. N. HALL, Commissioners.
2-4t

EXECUTRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Friday, Feb. 5, 1875, at one o'clock P.M., a certain lot of ground being along the turnpike and near Shiloh Church, in Benner twp., and about five miles from Bellefonte.

THE HOUSE, CARPENTER SHOP, STABLE, and other buildings thereon erected are all new and in first rate order. There is a large and excellent cistern, a variety of choice fruit trees, grape vines, &c. Daily mail may be had at the door. Church, school, college, and all the advantages and comforts near at hand, making it a desirable country home. Terms very easy.

ANGELINE McBRIDE,
2-4t Ex. of Caroline Summy, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Edward J. Hogan, late of Howard borough, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present them for settlement.

NATHAN J. MITCELL,
3-6t Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Joseph Hinds, late of Gregg twp., deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM CRONOBLE, Adm'r.,
Zion, Centre Co., Pa.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature this winter for the passage of an act entitled An Act to entitle soldiers of Taylor township, Centre Co., Pa., who enlisted in 1861, for three years, to a local bounty. JOHN H. FINK.
4-4t*

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—W. H. Armstrong and Edmund Blanchard, constituting "The Beaver Mill and Lumber Company," have this day associated with them as a partner of said firm Thomas McCauley, of Altoona. The business will be continued in the same firm name as formerly by the undersigned.

EDMUND BLANCHARD,
W. H. ARMSTRONG,
4-4t T. McCAULEY.

Miscellaneous.

THE ALDINE COMPANY'S

NEW PUBLICATIONS

SOLD ONLY BY SUBSCRIPTION.

THE ALDINE: THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

This splendid enterprise is not only well sustained in every feature, but is being constantly developed and improved. It to-day stands without a rival in the whole world of periodical literature. The beautiful dog-portrait, "Man's Unselfish Friend," a chromo presented to every subscriber, is a decided hit, and will, if possible, add to the popularity which this work has gained. The Art Union feature also promises great and beneficent results, in arousing public interest in the fine arts. Circulars and full information on application.

Parts I, II, III and IV are now ready.

SUTTON'S
Leisure-Hour Miscellany.

To be completed in 40 parts issued fortnightly.

Each part will contain an elegant frontispiece, originally engraved on steel for the London Art Journal,

REPRODUCING

at a price within the popular reach, engravings never before offered at less than five times the amount.

These plates have been the attraction of the

LONDON ART JOURNAL.

Each part will contain 26 quarto pages, including the elegant frontispiece, on heavy plate paper. A superb title page, richly illuminated in red and gold, will be given with the first part, and the printing of the entire work will be a worthy representation of "The Aldine Press," which is a guarantee of something beautiful and valuable.

At a Cost of 25 cents a Part.

Parts I, II and III are just published.

THE ART JOURNAL.

Complete in 12 monthly parts, at $1 each. Reproducing the best full-page illustrations from the earlier volumes of The Aldine.

Each monthly part will contain six superb plates with accompanying descriptive matter, and whether for binding or framing, will be entirely beyond competition in price or artistic character. Every impression will be most carefully taken on the finest high-toned paper, and no pains will be spared to make this the richest production of a press which has won, in a marvelously short time, a world-wide reputation.

GEMS FROM THE ALDINE,

Especially assorted for Scrap Book Illustrations & Drawing Class Copies.

A large collection of pictures of different sizes and on almost every conceivable subject have been put up in an attractive envelope, and are are now offered at a price intended to make them popular in every sense.

Envelope No. 1, containing 50 beautiful engravings, is now ready, and will be sent, postage paid, to any address for ONE DOLLAR. A liberal discount to agents and teachers.

SCRAP BOOKS.

A splendid assortment of SCRAP BOOKS have been expressly prepared for the holiday season, and no present of more permanent interest can be selected for gentleman or lady, old or young.

No. 1. Half bound, cloth sides, gilt back, 250 pp. 12x16 inches $5 00
No. 2. Half bound, cloth sides, gilt back 500 pp. 12x16 inches 7 00
No. 3. Full morocco, beveled boards, gilt and antique, very rich, 500 pp 12 00

Lettered to order in gold at 25 cents each line. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the price.

THE ALDINE PASSE-PARTOUTS.

In compliance with repeated requests, the publishers of The Aldine have prepared impressions of many of their most beautiful plates for passe-partout framing.

The cuts are mounted on a beautifully tinted azure mat, with a handsome red border line.

To attach the glass it is only left for the customer to paste and fold over an already attached border, and this may be done by a child.

27 subjects, 12x15 in., 25c.; with glass, 50c.

Six of this size for $1.00, when selection is left to publishers.

6 subjects, 10x12½ in., 20c.; with glass, 45c.
7 subjects, 6½x8½ in., 15c.; with glass, 40c.
12 subjects, 14x19 in., 50c.; with glass, $1 00

Sent by mail, without glass, post-paid, for price.

CANVASSERS WANTED.

THE ALDINE COMPANY,
58 Maiden Lane, New York.

Foundries.

W. P. DUNCAN,

BELLEFONTE PA.

FOUNDER & MACHINIST.

MANUFACTURER OF

Steam Engines,

HOUSTON'S WATER WHEELS;

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

Mill Machinery.

v5n46-1y.

TEAS! TEAS!

ESTABLISHED 1840.

The old established and responsible house of the undersigned, offer in opposition to the humbug of "Tea Companies" and distributors of "chromos," a large and attractive assortment of Choice Teas, at a small advance above cost of importation, warranting their goods to give satisfaction.

PRICE LIST.

Oolong, Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents per pound.
Mixed, Green & Black—40, 50, 60, best 70 cents per pound.
Japan, Uncolored—60, 70, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.
Imperial, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, $1.00, best $1.10 per pound.
Young Hyson, Green—50, 60, 70, 80, 90, $1.00, best $1.05 per pound.
Gunpowder, Green—70, 80, 90 $1.00, $1.10, choicest $1.15 per pound.
English Breakfast, Black—40, 50, 60, 80, 90, best $1.00 per pound.

N. B.—We have the celebrated "King Chop," Young Hyson and Imperial Green at $1.20 per pound. Also the "Tong-Lee" Chop, the choicest Oolong Tea imported, at $1.00 per pound.

☞ If one of our Agents should not call upon you, send for a pound sample of any kind you require. Enclose the money, and we will forward it to you, per return mail, without any extra charge.

JOSEPH STINER & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN TEAS,

178 & 180 Chambers Street, and 285 Washington Street. P. O. Box 4237. NEW YORK.
v7n1-4m.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for Everybody, in every county in the United States and Canadas. Enlarged by the publisher to 648 pages. It contains over 2000 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book, and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, Postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address, Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan.
v7n1-13w.

Miscellaneous.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

NO. 2, BUSH ARCADE,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.,

Has just received a large invoice of

Fall Goods!

consisting of the best assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS & CAPS,
AND FANCY ARTICLES,

ever brought to Bellefonte.

Also, a large assortment of

CARPETS

LOWEST CASH PRICES!

☞ Produce taken in exchange at highest market prices.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER.
5-12-tf

For Sale at this Office.

BLANK

ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
ARTICLE OF AGREEMENT
BETWEEN SCHOOL BOARD & TEACHER

constantly on hand at this office and for sale at

5 cts apiece, or 50 cts per dozen.

WE KEEP ON HAND

all kinds of

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

NOTES AND LEGAL BLANKS

which we sell in any quantity desired. Call at this office.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD SECOND HAND

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINE,

VERY CHEAP.

Enquire at this office.

LOOK! LOOK!

We have a limited stock of

BILL HEADS

which we will print and sell for

$3 **$2** PER THOUSAND, PER FIVE HUNDRED.

Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.

REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

COLLECTOR'S SALE BLANKS.

75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.

☞ Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

FARMS FOR SALE.

63 ACRES OF LAND with good farm house and new bank barn on it—One mile from Unionville, on Dicks Run—will be sold at a great bargain.

196 ACRES under first-class cultivation with two houses, and two barns, two good young orchards, running water—Every thing first-class—within three miles of Bellefonte For particulars call on

LOEB, MAY & LOEB
43-3m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A GENTLEMAN who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
50 6m 42 Cedar St., New York.

Watches and Jewelry.

Unusual Inducements.

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE GOODS, IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

No 1124 CHESTNUT St.

ROBBINS
CLARK & BIDDLE

PHILADELPHIA.

Invite attention to their large and well selected stock of

Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches,

SILVER-WARE, PLATED-WARE,

CLOCKS, BRONZES AND FANCY GOODS,

From Paris, Vienna and Berlin.

TABLE CUTLERY.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
36-7 m &5m fraug1'75

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 15th, 1874, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia ..... 12,55 p. m
" " " Harrisb'g ... 5,00 p. m
" " " Williamsp't, 9.15 p. m
" "arr. at Lock Haven 10.20 p. m
" " " Buffalo ..... 9.00 p. m

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia ..... 11.55 p. m
" " Harrisburg ..... 4.25 a. m
" " Williamsport ... 8,55 a. m
" " Lock Haven ..... 9,45 a. m
" " Renovo ..... 11,10 a. m
" " arr. at Erie ..... 8.05 p. m

ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia, 8.00 a. m
" " " Harrisburg ..... 1.25 p. m
" " " Williamsport ..... 6.20 p. m
" " arr. at Lock Haven ..... 7.30 p. m

LOCK HAVEN Accom. leaves Harris'g 9.15 a m
" " " " Wmsp't 2.05 p m
" " " leaves Lock Haven 3.10 p m

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven 6.40 a m
" " " Williamsp't ... 7.55 a. m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g ..... 12.10 a. m
" " " Philadelphia ... 4.15 p. m

ERIE MAIL leaves Erie ..... 11.20 a. m
" " " Renovo ..... 8.25 p. m
" " " Lock Haven, 9,45 p. m
" " " Williamsp't, 10.50 p. m
" " arr. at Harrisburg ... 2.20 a. m
" " arr. at Phila ..... 6.50 a. m

FAST LINE leaves Emporium ..... 8.55 p. m
" " " Renover ..... 10.40 p m
" " " Lock Haven ..... 11.55 p m
" " " Williamsport ..... 1.10 a m
" " arr at Harrisburg ..... 4.20 a m
" " " Philadelphia ..... 8.05 a m

DAY EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven ..... 11 25 a m
" " " Williamsport ..... 12.25 a m
" " arr at Harrisburg ..... 4.00 p m
" " " Philadelphia ..... 7.30 p m

Mail East connect east and west at Erie with L. S. & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Mail West with east and west trains on L. S & M. S. R. W. and at Corry with Oil Creek and Allegheny R. R. W.

Erie Mail and Elmira Mail make close connections at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north, and at Harrisburg with N. C. R. W. trains south.

WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exs. P.M.
Leave Tyrone	0	8 30	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 13
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	55	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15	
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21	
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25	
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40	
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45	
Howard	15	10 38	4 00	
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09	
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15	
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25	
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38	
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41	
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50	
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54	
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04	
Julian	34	11 57	5 15	
Martha	38	12 08	5 26	
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35	
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44	
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 56	
Vail	52	12 48	6 02	
East Tyrone	54	12 53	6 08	
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15	

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10 A.M.	2 55 P.M.
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40	5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10	2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10 P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intersection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju.	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown P.	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's P.	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek P.	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy P.	8 20	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive,	8 30 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 40 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.

P. F. SMITH, Supt.

Miscellaneous.

SHORT POSTPONEMENT—DAY FIXED—FULL DISTRIBUTION.
FIRST GRAND GIFT CONCERT.
MONTPELIER
Female Humane Associat'n
AT ALEXANDER, VA.
MARCH 29, 1875.

LIST OF GIFTS.

1 GRAND CASH GIFT		$100,000
1 GRAND CASH GIFT		50,000
1 GRAND CASH GIFT		25,000
10 CASH GIFTS,	$10,000 each	100,000
15 CASH GIFTS,	5,000 each	75,000
50 CASH GIFTS,	1,000 each	50,000
100 CASH GIFTS,	500 each	50,000
1,000 CASH GIFTS,	100 each	100,000
1,000 CASH GIFTS,	50 each	50,000
20,000 CASH GIFTS,	20 each	400,000

22,178 CASH GIFTS, amounting to $1,000,000

NUMBER OF TICKETS, 100,000.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

WHOLE TICKETS	$20.00
HALVES	10.00
QUARTERS	5.00
EIGHTS OF EACH COUPON	2.50
5½ TICKETS F OR	100.00

The Montpelier Female Humane Association chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange Co., purposes by a Grand Gift Concert to establish and endow a "Home for the Old, Infirm, and Destitute Ladies of Virginia at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, July 2, '74

It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large number of the officers of the Montpelier Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of my home, and I attest their intelligence and their worth and high reputation as gentlemen, as well as the public confidence, influence and substantial means liberally represented among them.

JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., July 8, 1874.—* * * I commend them as gents of honor and integrity, and fully entitled to the confidence of the public. * * * R. W. HUGHES,
U. S. Judge East'n Dist. of Va.

Further references by permission: His Excellency Gilbert C. Walker, Ex-Governor of Va.; Hon. Robt. E. Withers, Lieut-Gov. of Va. and U. S. Senator elect; Senators and Members of Congress from Va.

Remittances for tickets may be made by express prepaid, post-office money-order on Washington, D. C., or by registered letter.

For full particulars, testimonials, &c., send for Circular. Address

HON. JAMES BARBOUR,
3-4t Pres't M. F. H. A., Alexandria, Va.

Reliable agents wanted everywhere.

Prospectus.

$13 for $5.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,

THE
REPUBLIC CENTENNIAL,
THE BEST THOUGHTS
OF
CHARLES DICKENS
AND
A SPLENDID CHROMO
OFFERED FOR $5.

In order still more widely to extend the circulation of the WEEKLY PRESS, and, if possible to place a copy of our paper in every household throughout the United States, we have completed such arrangements as enable us to make the following

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CYCLOPEDIA—Best Thoughts of Chas Dickens. Royal octavo, handsomely bound, illuminated cover. Regular price	$5 00
REPUBLIC CENTENNIAL for 1875. An elegantly illustrated quarto, in monthly parts, 240 pages, 163 engravings. Regular price	5 00
A SPLENDID CHROMO (either the "Vestal Virgin" or the "Strawberry Girl"). Regular price	1 00
THE WEEKLY PRESS (postage prepaid from Jan. 1, 1875)	2 00
Making together	$13 00

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Encouraged by the unprecedented success and marked approbation with which

OUR CLUB SYSTEM

has already met with all over the land, we would earnestly commend this new and unparalled offer to

ALL READERS OF GOOD BOOKS

as one every way worthy of their acceptance.

Residents of Philadelphia may obtain these works at the office of THE PRESS on the same terms.

Remittances may be made either by mail, post-office order, registered letter or express. The Encyclopœdia (an elegant Holiday present) will only be sent, carefully packed, to all points reached by express, at the expense of the person receiving it.

ANOTHER OFFER.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,

the Representative Journal of Pennsylvania,

AND EITHER ONE OF

TWO SPLENDID CHROMOS,

FOR $2.00.

THE VESTAL VIRGIN,

after the celebrated painting by Angelica Kauffman in the Royal Gallery at Dresden, and

THE STRAWBERRY GIRL,

from the painting of an eminent German Artist (each 12x14 inches), made

EXPRESSLY FOR THE WEEKLY PRESS.

These two exquisite Chromos, renowned for their beauty and artistic finish, are suited for any residence, and are among the most successful works of Duval & Hunter. We will furnish (post-paid) a choice of either to every subscriber of the Weekly Press who sends us $2.00 for one year's subscription, and to the getter-up of every club of five copies or more.

☞ Postage on the paper prepaid at this office after the first of January, 1875.

Specimens of these splendid Works of Art can be seen at the business office of The Press.

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Agricultural.

☞ NOTE.—We earnestly desire that this department of our paper shall be made as useful as possible to our Agricultural friends, and therefore extend a cordial invitation to all parties interested, to favor us with contributions. Individuals who have made useful experiments and yet do not feel competent to write them out in form for publication, if they will favor us with the results we will take pleasure in putting them in proper shape.

A Farmer's Daughter.

The Atlantic papers sometimes tell us of a farmer's daughter who raked hay with a horse, or drove a mowing machine; but we think that California can boast of as noble a girl as any of them. A French girl, 18 years of age, has hauled cord-wood, two trips a day, five miles, averaging a cord and three-qaurters to a load, over a rocky and mountainous road, with four horses nearly every day the past summer. She is usually the first on the road in the morning, and frequently the last one at night. She sits high up on her spring seat, with her whip and four lines in her hands, and her foot on the brake, managing her team with as much ease as a man. Her voice and appearance are entirely femenine, and she is medium size. She is always accompanied by her father, who lifts the heavy sticks, but can neither drive a team nor speak much English. Her well fitting dark calico dress, her calfskin laced boots, her black, broad brimmed palm-leaf hat, and her long buckskin gloves, all seem to be well selected and fitted to her business. Her hair hangs in two neat braids over her shoulders. She is usually more or less dusty, but it can be seen that it is only the dust of that one day. When she passes through the street she turns her eyes neither to the right nor to the left, and seldom speaks to any one unless she is spoken to or has buisness with them.—*Sacramento Union.*

Farmers' Blunders.

A correspondent of the *Pacific Rural Press* thus writes of blunders made by farmers. He says: "For one, mine have been numerous. Much has been learned by bitter experience only; such, for example, as hanging a fresh hide on the fence to dry in the sun, and afterwards selling it for fifty cents, whereas it would have brought $2 if well dried in the shade. But the blunder of blunders of farmers has been the high rates of interest paid for the use of money. Much of the money borrowed from the banks on mortgage on the farm, is now drawing interest quarterly, and even monthly, and at a ruinous rate at that. Persons have run in debt under the impression that interest would be coming down lower and lower—when, of course, land would go up, and many of them have come to the conclusion that they have been making farm blunders. Now, 'as success is the measure of ability,' let this class walk up meekly, weak sisters as they are, and take their black marks as bad managers; and before a streak of luck strikes them let them caution the inexperienced ones, who have not yet 'put their foot into it.' It is not always popular to tell the truth, but it is generally proper; and let us advise beginners to go slowly and cautiously, and shun debt as much as possible, and especially at present rate of interest."

Brine for Preserving Butter.

The "Dutchess Farmer" says; "To three gallons of brine strong enough to bear an egg, add a quarter of a pound of nice white sugar and one tablespoonful of saltpetre. Boil the brine, and when it is cold strain carefully. Make your butter into rolls, and wrap each roll separately in a clean white muslin cloth, tying up with a string. Pack a large jar full, weight the butter down, and pour over the brine until it is submerged. This will keep really good butter perfectly sweet and fresh for a whole year. Be careful to put upon ice butter that you wish to keep for any length of time. In summer, when the heat will not admit of butter being made into rolls, pack closely in small jars and using the same brine allow it to cover the butter to the depth of at least four inches. This excludes the air and answers very nearly as well as the first method suggested."

"Is your intended husband in his conversation and carriage a consistent Christian?" asked a clergyman of a young lady who was soon to be married. "In his conversation he is very pious indeed, but I never saw him in his carriage," was the innocent reply.

Care of Cattle.

Cattle not unfrequently suffer in winter for want of water. They are turned out perhaps twice a day, and left out long enough to help themselves if they would. But unless let out immediately after a full feeding of dry food they will not always incline to drink at first and the owner gets impatient and will not wait. They are tied up again and compelled to wait till towards night perhaps before they are let out again. They may then drink too freely of extremely cold water, often to be got only by breaking through the ice. This is a bad way to do, but it is by no means uncommon. It is the fault of the feeding. If they are fed properly there is little difficulty in inducing them to drink. It is a convenience to have water brought into the barn or into some warm place in the barn cellar, where it does not freeze over, and where stock can have easy access to it.

CONFIDENCE IN ANIMALS.—There are probably, few persons familiar with farm life who have not observed a marked contrast between the general character and appearance of the domestic animals kept in different farms within the circle of their acquaintance.

On approaching some farm houses, the first salutation comes from a noisy, growling dog, who seems to take you for a trespasser. The next, from his master who divides his energies between welcoming you and scolding the dog for not behaving better. You visit the barn, and as you open the door a frightened cat scuds across the floor, and with one look back at you from her great eyes, disappears through the hole in the floor or out at a broken window.

The horses lay back their ears, squeal and kick the sides of their stalls, as much as to say; "We feel cross and can't help acting it out." The oxen and cows start back as you pass them as if afraid they would be hit with a fork, and the young calves and pigs scamper to the farthest corners of their pens, and even the chickens seem to be bound you shall have all the room to yourself.

We cannot begin too early to handle and pet the young animals we are raising. It is wonderful how soon they will acquire a feeling of confidence and learn to come to us for protection and care.

SALT BRINE ON LICE.—In answer to many inquiries for a remedy for lice, the *Rural World* states that an application of brine, as strong as can be made, is a certain remedy. It will kill the lice outright, but not always the nits; hence a second or third application is required to be effectual. Hogs are greatly pestered with lice, which should be destroyed. Watch the colts and calves carefully, and if you see any failing, look out for lice. Close inspection will reveal hundreds of them feeding on the poor animal. An application on a warm day, of brine, will bring great relief. A decoction of tobacco applied will also rid the animal of these pests. A thorough greasing is also a remedy. Don't let the poor animal suffer. These applications are as good for human beings as for brutes.

Spiritualism.

Victor Hugo on Spiritual Manifestations.

In his recent work on "Shakspeare," Victor Hugo takes occasion to say; "Table-turning, or speaking, has been greatly ridiculed; the ridicule is groundless. To substitute jeering for examination is convenient, but it is not philosophical. As for me, I regard it as the duty of science to fathom all phenomena. Science is ignorant, and has not the right to laugh; a savant who laughs at the possible is not far from an idiot. That which is unexpected ought always to be expected by science. It is its function to arrest it in its passage, and to examine it, rejecting the chimerical and establishing the real. Science has no other concern with facts than to endorse them; it is for her to verify and distinguish. All human knowledge is that of analysis; that the false complicates itself with the true is no reason for rejecting the whole in a mass. Since when has chaff been a pretext for refusing the wheat? Root out the worthless weeds of error, but harvest the facts and leave them for others. Science is the sheaf of facts.

"The mission of science is to study and probe everything. All of us, be we who we may, are the creditors of examination, and its debtors also; it is indebted to us, and we to it. To elude a phenomenon; to refuse to pay it the attention due to it; bow it out; to close the door on it; to turn our backs on it laughing, is to make bankruptcy of the truth; it is to omit to put to it the signature of science. The phenomenon of the ancient tripod and of the modern table has a right, like every other, to observation. Physical science undoubtedly would gain by it; and let me add, that to abandon these phenomena to credulity is to commit treason against human reason."

"DID you steal the complainant's coat?" asked a magistrate to a seedy looking individual who was arraigned before him. "I decline to gratify the morbid curiosity of the public by answering that question," responded the seedy individual, with a scornful glance at the reporters. The magistrate immediately gave him six months.

A THREE-YEAR-OLD boy of a Pittsfield clergyman, watching his mother making biscuit one Sunday for tea, asked her if it was not wicked to work on Sunday. Of course she said it was, and the logical little chap continued, "Oo'll catch it when oo get to Heaven."

THE Brooklyn Argus says that "there are thirty or forty different kinds of religion in this country, and it worries the celestial clerk immensely to have people tumbling into Heaven in such singularly assorted lots."

A SUNDAY school teacher remarked; "You must remember that all I am telling you happened one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four years ago." "Lor', miss, how the time do slip away," was little Sallie's comment.

"WHERE do people go who deceive their fellow men?" asked a Sunday-school teacher to a pupil. "To Europe," was the prompt reply.

THE proprietor of a Boston eating saloon advertises a "sacred clam chowder every Sunday evening."

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He is well prepared to furnish first-class accommodations to all who desire to make a hotel their Home, or pleasant temporary abode. The custom of the travelling public, and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited. Courteous and attentive servents are engaged at this popular Hotel. The Stabling is the very best, and none but careful and accommodating Hostlers are employed.
JONATHAN KREMER,
jy14'73-1y Prop'r

WEST STREET HOTEL.
Nos. 41, 42, 43 and 44 West St.,
NEW YORK.
A Temperance House,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
ROOMS 50 and 75 cents per Day, CHARGES very MODERATE. The best meats and vegetables in the market. BEST BEDS in the City.
6-28-1y B. T. BABBITT, Proprietor.

MERCHANTS HOTEL,
CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,
FOURTH ST.,
A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attacks of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

TRY THE CHRISTIAN, a large, live, family paper full of stories and good reading. No sectarianism, politics, pills, puffs nor advertisements. Only 75 cts. a year! Send 10 cents for 3 specimens before you forget it! Splendid Map Premium. Agents wanted everywhere. Big commissions paid! H. L. HASTING. 538 Wash'n St. Boston, Mass., 608 Arch St., Phila. Pa. 1-4w.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.
THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER.
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

Daily, $10 a year. Semi-Weekly, $3. Weekly, $2
Postage free to the Subscriber. Specimen copies and advertising rates free. Weekly in clubs of 30 or more only $1, postage paid. Address The Tribune, New York. 7-2-1y

MEDICAL.

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

THE GREAT INDIAN DIURETIC.
INFINITELY SUPERIOR TO BUCHU.

Nine tenths of the human family suffer, directly or indirectly, at one time or other, from diseases or irregularities of the generative system, while the victims of indiscretion, and of quack treatment, are comparatively numerous.

The idea that patients cannot treat themselves successfully in these cases, has long ago been exploded. A good and reliable medicine, prepared by an experienced physician, from the original Indian Recipe, that is guaranteed to effect a

SPEEDY AND RADICAL CURE.

can be as safely relied upon as the prescription of the most skillful practitioner. Such a medicine is the celebrated

CHEROKEE REMEDY.

Full directions accompany each bottle, and if they are carefully followed, a quick and permanent cure is guarranteed. Price $2.00 per bottle.

THE CHEROKEE INJECTION,

should always be used in conjunction with the Remedy for both incipient and obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa. Price $2.00 per bottle.

CHEROKEE CURE

for seminal weakness (spermatorrhœa), is a simple vegetable medicine that was used for many years in the practice of the physician who first gave the remedy to the public. It has effected cures that would scarcely be credited except on ocular evidence of the fact. Full directions, with pamphlet containing all particulars of symptoms, treatment, &c., accompany each bottle. Price $2.00 per bottle. Sold everywhere.

CHEROKEE PILLS.

These Pill are prepared expressly for the cure of those irregularities to which ladies are subject, and will be found safe, reliable and effectual, for the cure of Suppression, Green Sickness, Pain in the Back, Hysteria, Sick Headache, &c., &c. Price $1.00 per box.

Heimstreet's Hair Restorative,

OR INIMITABLE HAIR COLORING.

NOT A DYE.—Heimstreet's "Hair Coloring is not a Dye, and its operation is not by any chemical effect, but by a natural restoration of the glands, thus giving the hair the color it originally had.

NATURALNESS.—When the hair is dyed, its color is leaden hued and unnatural, but when restored by HEIMSTREET'S HAIR COLORING, its appearance is so perfectly natural that no one can detect the use of any Restorative.

STAINLESS.—While the Restorative acts promptly on the hair, it leaves no stain or mark whatever on the skin. It is composed of ingredients that form a perfect dressing as well as a coloring, so that no oils, &c., are necessary.

THIS MOST EFFECTIVE of all the Hair Restorers is for sale by all druggists at 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Numerous certificates from those who have used it are in the possession of the proprietors.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., New York.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & Co., Wholesale Ag'ts, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.

PARK'S BALSAM

OR

WILD CHERRY AND TAR.

BALSAM.—Nothing is more soothing to the irritated membranes than the pure BALSAMS of which this medicine is composed.

WILD CHERRY.—The true bark of Wild Cherry is an unfailing specific for all throat and pectorial diseases.

TAR.—The wonderful healing properties of Tar when united with the other ingredients, render PARK'S BALSAM the most efficient Cough Medicine ever offered to the public.

CONSUMPTION.—The many cases of Consumption that have been cured justify us in the assertion that it is the very best medicine for that disease ever discovered.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES.

STEPHEN FISK, of New York, says his daughter had consumption, and terbucles had formed in her lungs. He was induced to try Park's Balsam, which effected a speedy cure.

T. EDWARD FLEET, of Brooklyn says, I think it is the best medicine for affections of the lungs I ever used.

G. S. FANCHER, of New York says, I feel fully persuaded that Park's Balsam has saved my life.

We have in our possession hundreds of certificates from others, and all of the same cheering import. Price 50 cents and $1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Address all orders to JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., 8 and 9 College Place, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors.

EGYPTIAN

Rat and Vermin Destroyer

FOR EXTERMINATING RATS, MICE, WATER BUGS, ROUCHES, RED ANTS, &c.

STRENGTH.—When a Rat tastes the Egyptian Destroyer, his death warrant is signed, sure. It cannot fail to kill. It also creates great thirst, and the rat will search for water out of doors, and not die in his hole, to cause a stench that cannot be got out.

ATTRACTIVENESS.—Rats are the shrewdest of vermin. It is hard to get them to eat poison. An ingredient in the Egyption Destroyer is a perfect bait, and they are attracted rather than freightened be it. "Rats (not children) cry for it.

KEEPING SOFT.—People know how the ordinary Rat Pastes dry up and become useless, causing annoyance and loss. The Egyptian Destroyer is fully warranted to keep soft, fresh and effective in any climate for years.

SURE DEATH.—The Egyptian Destroyer kills every time. Hundreds of unsolicited testimonials are now in the hands of the proprietors, substantiating its great merits as the best preparation for destroying Vermin in the world. Be sure and ask for the "Egyptian," and take no other.

Put up in large glass bottles. Price, 25 cts. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., AGENTS, 8 and 9 College Place, N. Y.
METROPOLITAN MEDICINE CO., Sole Proprietors.
6-30-1y

HOLLOWAY'S

Pills and Ointment

EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE GRAND PRINCIPLE that operates in these wonderful medicines is the power that they possess in purifying the turbid blood, and expelling corrupt humors from the system.

Both the ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bunions, Burns, Chapped hands, Chilblains, Fistula, Gout, Limbago, Mercurial Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Ring-Worms, Salt Rheums, Scalds, Skin Diseases, Swelled Glands, Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Sore Heads, Sore Throats, Sores of all kinds, Sprains, Stiff Joints, Tetter, Ulcers, Venereal sores, Wounds of all kinds.

USE HOLLOWAY'S EXPECTORANT for the absolute cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Pains in the Chest, and all affections of the Pulminary nature.

CAUTION.

Be careful and see that each bottle has the Holloway and Co. trade mark on it.

Price, 25cts., 62cts., and $1.00; great saving in buying large sizes.

METROPOLITAN MED. CO., PROP'RS.
9 College Place, N. Y.
JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
6-30-1y

THE VOICE OF MASONRY

AND FAMILY MAGAZINE.

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION, IS NOW IN ITS 13th YEAR. It contains a full account of all matters pertaining to craft, supplied by its large corps of able contributors, both at home and abroad, and is one of the best mediums of Masonic information. PRICE $2 PER YEAR, in advance, with Masonic Chromo, $2.50. Send 25 cents for sample copy

Address VOICE OF MASONARY,
No 183 West Monroe St Chicago Ill., and No. 8 College Place, or P.O. Box 1780, New York City
6-30-1y

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO., Proprietors, New York.

Boots and Shoes.

LOUIS DOLL,

BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURER,
HIGH St., NEXT DOOR TO FELTY'S NEW BUILDING,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Has removed his Store from Felty's building to a new building erected expressly for his own use adjoining his old stand, where he will be pleased to meet his friends.

Repairing neatly and promptly attended to.
5-29-1y

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.
6-tf

W. & L. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHAEP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.
5-33-tf

BAKERIES.

H. D. YERGER'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY
STORE.

In the marble front of T. R. Reynolds, is really and truly the place to buy
BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, RAISIN NUTS AND CANDIES OF ALL KINDS.

ICE CREAM

is a specialty and will be kept at al times and at all hours by him.

BREAD, CONFECTIONERIES, NUTS, RAISINS, ORANGES, LEMONS, ICE CREAM, &c., &c., all sold by him at the most reasonable rates. Call and see him and rest assured that you will not be disappointed.
H. D. YERGER,
v6n15-1y Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

FURNITURE WAREROOM.
HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.
v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

AMERICAN LINE
MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
ONLY
LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG.
Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA
For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.
CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE
Accommodations Unsurpassed,
Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents, W. W. POTTER, PHILADELPHIA.
Penna. R. R. Office, Agnet, Bellefonte. 32-1y

Philadelphia Advertisements

S. L. KIRK, SON & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
130 North Third Street, Corner of Cherry,
PHILADELPHIA,

Have in store and offer for sale; at the lowest market prices, and on the most reasonable terms, a large and well assorted stock of GROCERIES, TEAS, SPICES, FISH, CHEESE, &c., selected with care in this, New York and Baltimore markets, to which the attention of Country Dealers is particularly requested. 13-1y

ROBBINS, CLARK & BIDDLE
1124 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

WATCH

DEALERS & IMPORTERS.
Key and Stem Winding Watches, in Gold or Silver Cases,
FOR LADIES', CENTS & BOYS' WEAR.
An Immense Assortment
AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.
Every Watch Guaranteed.
44-3m

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Your attention is specially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscription to the Capital Stock of the Centenaial Board of Finance. The funds realised from this source are to be employedin the erection of the buildings for the International Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundred birth-day of the nation. The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will recieve a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservatien as a national memorial.

Interest at the rate of six per cent per annm will be paid on all payments of Centenial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.

Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post-office order to the undersigned.

FREDK. FARLEY, Treasurer,
904 Walnut St., Philadelphia

For Sale or To Let.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first-class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-8-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

A WIRE MILL AND SPIRAL SPRING FACTORY, together with an excellent

WATER POWER!

ALL NEW AND IN PERFECT ORDER!

Situate on Logan's Branch just above Valentine's Forges, about one-half mile from Bellefonte. Also as much land as may be desired for the use of said Factory. For sale or rent. TERMS EASY. Inquire of
CHAS. McCAFFERTY, Owner,
or A. O. Furst, Bellefonte, Pa.

☞ Two other water powers adjoining, unimproved, with land sufficient for any manufacturing purpose. 6-8-tf.

AT PRIVATE SALE.

A valuable farm containing 215 acres, situate within one mile of Milesburg, and three miles of Bellefonte, at the junction of the Bald Eagle Valley and Snow Shoe railroads, near the depot, Schools, Churches, Post office, Mills, etc. The lands are FREE from STONE, level, well fenced, and under a good state of cultivation. A valuable vein of

LIME STONE ROCK

is on the farm, and a village is growing up around it, which gives a fair prospect of an increase in value before long. The Philipsburg turnpike runs through it for a distance of ½ of a mile rendering a large strip on each side available for house lots, from which the entire price of the farm might be realized, lots having sold heretofore for $100 apiece. The farm is well watered, having water in all the fields, good wells at the house and barn with pumps all in good order. There also are 50 acres of good

PINE AND OAK TIMBER.

The land has a southern exposure and is therefore very early. There are two houses on the farm, both facing the turnpike. One containing five rooms on the first floor with Hall and five on the second and back Kitchen, with room over-head. Connected with this house is a good log barn, ice house and other out buildings. On the other side of the road is the other house containing eight rooms with good barn and out buildings. This farm could be divided into two parts, and will be if purchasers so desire, making one containing 130 acres with the large house, and the other containing 36 acres with the small house. Terms easy. Inquire of James L. Sommerville, or R. T. Downing, or at the office of the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN.
38 tf.

ESSEX PIGS. ESSEX PIGS.

I now have a few GRADE PIGS to sell CHEAP. Several good
CHESTER AND GRADE SOWS.
In the future will keep only PURE BLOODS.
A few high grade ROASTERS, 30 to 100 lb.
One or two PURE ESSEX; also, a new PRINDLE STEAMER. Have two, need only one. Order soon if you wish stock pigs.
A. S. TIPTON,
Curtin twp., Sept. 30, 1874. 22-tf

HAVE YOU TRIED
JURUBEBA?
ARE YOU
Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful tonic and invigorator, which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

It regulates the Bowels, quiets the nerves, and gives such a healthy tone to the whole system as to soon make the invalid feel like a new person.

Its operation is not violent, but is characterized by great gentleness; the patient experiences no sudden change, no marked results, but gradually his troubles

"Fold their tents, like the Arabs,
And silently steal away."

This is no new and untried discovery, but has been long used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities, "the most powerful tonic and alternative known."

Ask your druggist for it.

For sale by JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 2-4t

AGENTS, 46,000 Boxes Chang Chang sold last month. Enables any one to polish shirts, collars and cuffs equal to new. Costs only one cent to do a large ironing, and preserves the linen, necessary as soap and sells at sight. Men, Women, Boys and Girls furnished with steady employment. Particulars free. An elegant chromo given with each box for 35 cts. Chang Chang Manuf. Co., 7 West Street, Boston. 46-4t

Coal, Lime, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

HAVING erected new Coal Sheds and new Scales, (Fairbanks') we are prepared to furnish the

Very Best Quality

OF

Wilkesbarre and Shamokin Coal!

to all who may want the same, at the

MOST REASONABLE PRICES

Our Coal is of the very

BEST IN THE MARKET

and will be delivered at the residence of all parties in Bellefonte, as low as the same quality of coal can be had elsewhere.

All orders left with J. P. Gephart, at his office in the Conrad House, or at the Coal Yard, will receive promot attention.
ALEXANDER & CO.

Hardware.

F. B. WILSON, THOMAS A. HICKS

WILSON & HICKS

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE DEALERS.

ELAINE

AS AN ILLUMINATOR.

WHY IT IS THE SAFEST.

ELAINE will not explode while burning in a lamp, nor in any other way, as it does not contain any of the explosive compounds so frequently met with in the ordinary oil for illuminating. A lamp, filled with ELAINE, if upset or accidently broken, will not explode or burn. There is no position in which you can put a lamp filled with ELAINE, for common use, in which it will explode. As no other illuminator has such advantages of safety, ELAINE IS CERTAINLY THE SAFEST FAMILY ILLUMINATING OIL KNOWN.

[Almost the same price as coal oil.]

All kinds of Builders' Hardware and Carriage Makers' Goods

COMPLETE SADDLER'S STOCK.

SUSQUEHANNA COOK STOVES,

guaranteed to be the best and the heaviest casting, largest oven &c.

Cashor short Credit, in no case to exceed three months.

37-tf WILSON & HICKS.

HARDWARE

NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

Forks,
Chains,
Shovels,
Axes,
Grindstones,
Coal Oil Lamps,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
&c.

We hope by

STRICT ATTENTION TO BUSINESS

merit and receive a share of public patronage.

BUILDERS AND OTHERS

will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

J. & J. HARRIS,
v5 No. 5 Brockerhoff Row.

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE
CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)
BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,
Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from
CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.
BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.
5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre co., Pa.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

FELTY'S BUILDING, HIGH ST.,
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES.
v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishmen

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of Foreign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard
He also keeps on hand a full line of

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.

JOHN MONTGOMERY,
No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
v4n34-1y

MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,
BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style, for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-13—tf

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSE Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generaly that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be entrusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-tf

JNO. D. SOURBECK.
LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attended to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.
BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.
5-16 1y

Shaving Saloons.

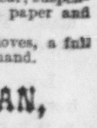
M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte, Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil, Hair Restoratives, Paper Collars, &c., constantly on hand. ja12'73-1y.

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.
5-29-1y

Watches.

WATCHMAKER:



THE undersigned adopts this method of informing his friend, and the people of Centre Co., that he is now located in the room adjoining the store of Harper Bros., on Spring St., where he is prepared to make and repair watches. He is solicitous of business and guarentees complete satisfaction to all who may favor him with their work. Clocks watches and jewelry repaired upon the shortest notice. P. C. RICHARD.
v4n28-tf.

Blacksmithing.

JACOB SEIBERT,

BLACKSMITH,

REAR OF DUNCAN'S FOUNDRY, BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

EVERY description of Blacksmithing promptly in a workmanlike manner at prices. 5-23-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——Deputy Secretary Linn has been at home for several days.

——February 22nd, the next legal holiday, comes on Monday.

——A Miss Henn edits a paper out in Iowa, and the way she hatches out the news is perfectly astonishing.

——It will not be such a difficult matter to keep cool next summer as it was last. Every ice-house in town has been filled.

——The public schools of this place have a larger attendance at present than they have had any time during the past eight years.

——A great many tickets have been sold for the lecture in the Court House, to-morrow evening. Rev. Thomas Guard always draws large audiences.

——A bill has been introduced into the State Senate to compel the attendance at school of all children between the ages of eight and sixteen.

——They are educating a pig over in Penns Valley, writes a local correspondent, perhaps with a view of making it associate editor of the *Berichter*.

——"The Two Bibles"—the Book of Nature and the Book of Revelation, will be the theme of Rev. Thomas Guard, in the Court House, to-morrow evening.

——Why suffer with that hacking cough when you can be relieved so easily, by calling on your druggist, F. Potts Green, and procuring a bottle of his "Syrup of Tar, Honey and Blood-root"—only 50cts. a bottle. 4-4t.

——Dr. Thomas Guard has been in America only a little more than two years, yet his eloquence has been applauded in almost every state in the Union. Our people will have a chance to hear him to-morrow (Thursday) evening in the Court House.

LOST.—On Saturday, January 2nd about noon, either in Bellefonte or on the road leading from Bellefonte to the State College, a new, dark-blue beaver frock coat, suitable for a good sized man. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office. tf.

LOST.—On Wednesday, Jan. 20th, between Bellefonte and Milesburg, or in Bellefonte, a large double shawl, with blue-gray border, bars blue and brown with brown border. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at this office or with R. L. Shirk, at Milesburg. v7n05-tf

——Col. D. G. Bush autographed at the Bush House on Thursday last. He had been absent in North Carolina, for nearly three months, giving his personal attention to the construction of the Norfolk & Elizabeth railroad of which he is president. He left for the South again on Monday, and will not return until about the first of April.

FOUND.—On Saturday afternoon, near Isaac Guggenheimer's store, in Bellefonte, an old morocco pocket book, containing a number of receipts, notes, etc., and something over ten dollars in greenbacks. The owner can have it by coming forward, proving property, paying for this notice and calling upon Mr. James A. Leyden, at Shiloh.

——A correspondent informs us that a surprise party went to the residence of Mr. Samuel Pletcher, near Howard borough, on Thursday evening, 21st ult. Although surprised at their coming he was delighted to see them, and, with his excellent lady, did his best, and succeeded first rate in making them all happy and giving them a plentiful supper. Mr. J. W. Heation, of Boggs twp., was general manager, and performed his duties ably.

——Van Ormer, the miller from Penn, was in town last week. Van is a stunner; he is indeed. Several prominent Democrats have been laid up ever since he was here; they were talked well nigh to death. What a calamity it would be to the country if he shouldn't be sent to Harrisburg to help make laws for our people! Talk about Daniel Webster! why, he couldn't hold an old fashioned lard lamp to Van Ormer, when it comes to a matter of tongue movement.

MECHANICS HIGH SCHOOL.—It may not be generally known that an act was passed by the State Legislature, in 1870, which recommends the establishment of a chair, in the Pennsylvania State College "to impart instruction in technical mechanics and mechanical engineering."

The Pittsburg *Commercial* lately published an article on the subject which gives much valuable information. Below we reproduce a portion of it. The writer says:

"The act creating the Mechanic's High School of Pennsylvania, was signed by the Governor on the 3rd day of June, 1870. And the Board of Trustees were appointed soon after. An appropriation of $3,000 was made by the legislature, for the purpose of defraying the preliminary expenses of the organization. The Board met at Harrisburg in August, 1873, and organized and transacted such business as in their judgment was best calculated to bring the subject of mechanical education before the people, but unfortunately the panic came in and so absorbed the public attention that nothing could be done in that direction. The trustees seeing the disastrous effect of the panic, not only upon the industries of the commonwealth, but also on its finances, they concluded that it was inexpedient at that time to recommend the appropriation by the legislature of such a large sum of money as would be necessary for the thorough organization of the Mechanic's High School, properly equipped, and with this view of making some advancement, they reported progress to the legislature, in which report I find these words: In the meantime we are of the opinion that a broad foundation could be laid for the work proposed to be done by the Mechanic's High School, by the adoption of the following measures:

First. That free hand mechanical drawing should be added to the branches of the common school course now required by law to be taught in all the schools of the state.

Second. That we recommend that $50,000 of the annual school appropriation shall, under the direction of the superintendent of common schools, be distributed to such of our public high schools as shall make arrangements to impart elementary instruction in the industrial arts similar in character to that imparted by the Philadelphia high school.

Third. We would also suggest that a professorship, the expenses of which to the extent of $5,000, to be paid by the state, shall be established in the Agricultural College, Centre County, also at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, and at the Western University, Pittsburg, to impart instructions in technical mechanics and mechanical engineering. * * * * A commencement must be made somewhere, and we have recommended three institutions, commended to the public by their present organization and geographical situation."

Continuing further the writer says: "The report was received by the legislature, and the trustees were encouraged to believe that the appropriations would be ordered; but when the bill was presented asking for the appropriation, a formidable opposition was developed and the bill was laid over, and so the matter rests. Governor Hartranft, in his message, has again called the attention of the legislature to the growing necessity of industrial education, and I presume renewed efforts will be made for the adoption of some plan by which a technical school will be established under the patronage of the state.

The trustees of the mechanic's high school, I am assured, have no pet plan of their own, but ask the co-operation of the educators of the state in devising and establishing a technical institute, which shall, with its mechanical facilities, be superior to any institution of its class in the world.

"Pennsylvania is the great metalurgical center of this continent. The master machanics who now direct our industries, were educated under the *apprentice system*, but that system has been abolished, and today we have no regular system for practically educating artisans. Shall this great commonwealth import foremen to superintend our mines, our shops, and our mills, or would it not be infinitely better, to rear them from our own fire-sides."

We earnestly hope that the professorship in the State College may be established as it would be an advantage to pupils in this section of the state. A united effort should be made by the friends of the college to secure it. From the "Gazette & Bulletin" we learn that Mr. Henry Snyder, of Williamsport, is one of the trustees, who is anxious to communicate or give information on the subject, to those interested in the project.

——We notice articles every now and then, from papers published here and there in the State, to the effect that detectives have been around examining used checks in banks to see if they have been properly stamped. Every business man finds it bothersome to obey this law, but the penalties for violation are so severe that it is dangerous to disregard it. That fine is fifty dollars for every check passed without being properly stamped and the law imposes the same fine upon bankers receiving and paying money on unstamped checks. It is also the duty of the Internal Revenue officers to see that the law is enforced. It is an imposition on the community for any business man to make a practice of giving unstamped checks, and if a detective should come to town for the purpose of looking up the matter, he would find that there are several business houses here that have made a habit of not stamping their checks ever since the law was passed. They may find this neglect, whether willful or otherwise, an expensive matter.

——Double distilled sweetness for a dollar a gallon at Sechler's; the best syrup ever brought to town. Cigars of every grade, shade, quality and price at Sechler's. Dried Beef of the most delicious taste; and large, fine, fresh oysters received daily, at Sechler & Co's, Bush House Block. Any of our readers who are in want of the above named articles can get a better quality at lower figures than at any other place in the county.

——Milesburg now dignifies its streets with a pony-express, which makes pilgrimages to and from the depot to meet passengers and carry them "to any part of central city or Milesburg for only 15 cents." The motive power is said to be the first horse that was ever brought into Bald Eagle Valley, and, considering his age, he is still quite animated.

——Isaac Miller of Lemont has rented the Cummings House and will open it to the public about the 1st of April.

——Every apartment in the County jail is said to be occupied, and the Commissioners are beginning to think that Bellefonte ought to have a lock-up of her own.

——Yesterday was ground hog day and a number of them from Pennsvalley saw their shadows and are at present holed up indefinitely. No reference to Wm. Alexander.

——A horse belonging to Mr. James Alexander got his hind foot into a coal hole in the pavement in front of Guggenheimer's store, on Saturday afternoon, and drew a large crowd of spectators, before he got it out. He is a good draft horse.

——The prospects of the completion of the Lewisburg, Centre and Tyrone railroad, the coming season, are very good. President Miller is anxious to complete the road and intends having the unfinished portion put under contract very soon.

——Mrs. D. M. Wagner, of this place, who is at present in Omaha, visiting her son-in-law, General Brisbin, has written to her friends here in glowing terms of the Western Country. She advises Mr. Wagner to sell out and go West and make that his future home. We hope Mrs. Wagner will change her mind in regard to this, for we would be sorry indeed to part with so excellent a family.

——Presiding Elder Reese in the pulpit of the M. E. church, of this place, on Sunday, last, in announcing the lecture of Dr. Thomas guard, in the Court House to-morrow, (Thursday) evening said. I cannot give you a better idea of the wonderful abilites of Dr. Guard than by quoting the words of Doctor Foster, one of the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church, who said, "Guard is the most eloquent preacher on the Continent.

——We have received with request to publish, several notices, (half a column each) of suprise parties, held here and there in the county. The number of surprise parties on file are now about four hundred and thirty, but owing to the fact that our paper would accommodate but about forty at a time, and also considering the comparatively brittle texture of the thread of life, we have concluded to indulge in a little neglect of that department of social enjoyment.

——How much cloth does it require to make a spirit wrapper?—*Providence Journal*. About a knell.—*Lowell courier*. Somebody tolled him.—*Boston Advertiser*. Grave jokes all.—*New York World*. And not pleasant in these coughin' times.—*Hartford Times*. This is tomb' uch.—*Dunbury News*. Any further joke on this subject would be a great undertaking.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser*. Such punning is enough to "make church-yards yawn."—*Gazette*. And don't leave us the ghost of a show.—BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN. Where's our Foster brother?—"Cleveland Plaindealer.

——The election of W. A. Wallace to the Senate of the United States gratifies the cherished ambition of his life. His career as politician, lawyer and legislator has all been centred upon the fond idea of climbing into the position he has won at last. It would be difficult even to imagine the laborious days and sleepless nights, the schemes and plans, the trouble of mind—and patient systematic push, push, that has at last received its reward. To have carried off the honor from such men as Black, Buckalew and Clymer, is a high tribute to his tireless energy and unfailing sagacity. Although we are not his biographer—yet, there is much that could be said to his credit. It should be a matter of satisfaction to his constituents that he has yielded to their wishes and consented to remain in the Senate of the state till the 3d of March. Those who prematurely aspired to be his successors, any and all of them, are but mere intellectual pigmies compared to Wallace.

PUBLISH YOUR STATEMENTS.—There are some provisions in the laws of 1874 which demand the immediate and careful consideration of all corporate or district authorities, such as councilmen in boroughs, school directors, supervisors, and county commissioners. We again call attention to the act of April, 1874, in pamphlet laws, page 68:

SECTION 6. "The corporate authorities of every such municipality or district shall annually, in the month of January, prepare and publish in at least two newspapers of said municipality, or of the county in which the same is situated, if so many be printed therein, a statement showing in detail the actual indebtedness, the amount of the floating debt thereof, the valuation of the taxable property therein, the assets of the corporation, with the character and nature thereof, and the date and maturity of the respective forms of funded debt thereof, and a neglect or failure so to do shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars.

The first section of the act enumerates some of the corporations to which the provisions of the act are applicable, as follows: "Any city, county, borough, township, school district, or other municipalty or incorporated district, within this Commonwealth." It will be observed also, that the mere neglect to comply with this law is made a misdemeanor.—*Watchman*.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONTRIBUTORS.—About the first of October, 1874, the officers of the Centre County Sabbath School Association kindly consented to bring the Semi-centennial appeal of the American Sunday School Union before the Sabbath Schools of the county.

Contributions were solicited for the extension of Sunday School Missions not only in Pennsylvania but throughout the country.

A very gratifying response has been made to this appeal by the schools of Centre County. The following are the names of contributing schools:

Pleasant Gap, Union; Hublersburg, Union; Stormstown, M. E.; Kennedys, M. E.; Howard, Disciple; Snow Shoe, Presb.; Lemont, Presb.; Buffalo Run, Presb.; Milesburg, Presb.; Bellefonte, Presb.; Centre Line, Luth., Bellefonte, St. Johns Refrd.; Mannor, Union; Earlystown, Union; St. Johns, Union; Madisonburg, Union; Madisonburg, Evang'l; Centre Hall, Union; Penn Hall, Union; Plum Grove, Union; Millheim, Union; Farmers Mills, Union; Egg Hill, Union; Franklin, Union; Pine Stump, Union; Pleasant Hill, Union; Oak Grove, Union.

The number of schools contributing is twenty seven. Receipts have been sent to the Superintendents. The average contribution is $3.55. Total amount contributed $96.15.

Expense of postal cards, postage and printing $6.50, leaving a balance of $89.65 to be applied to the work.

The officers of the County Association and of the American Sunday School Union desire to express their sincere thanks.

STATE REVENUES.—From the report of Hon. Harrison Allen, auditor general, we cull the following contrbiutions from Centre county to the treasury of the state. The list is not complete; there are a number of items so indefinitely named that, although supposed to belong to this county, are left out. Here are the items:

Tax on Bank Stock	$ 648.95
Bellefonte & Snow Shoe Railroad Co	450.00
Moshannon Coal Co	660.00
Tax on Personal Property	2,748.98
B. & S. S. railroad Co. Tax on loans	148.50
Centre County Banking Co	66.23
W. F. Reynolds & Co	379.81
John C. Motz & Co	50.40
Philipsburg Banking Co	163.75
J. I. Thompson & Co	60.76
B & S S Railroad Co. Tax on tonnage	1,955.07
Same as Coal Co	430.75
Aaron Williams, Prothonotary	314.53
J. H. Morrison, Register	301.22
Isreal Gamble, Recorder	361.89
Inheritance tax	471.00
Circus licences	28.50
Billiard rooms, &c	28.50
Fediers' licences	15.20
Brewers' licences	28.50
Total	$8,022.58

——Gen. Tom Thumb and troupe appeared in town on Friday according to appointment, very much to the delight of Bellefonte's little folks. The matinee in the afternoon was attended by hundreds of children. Tom is a stylish fellow and wears plenty of diamonds but he was never intended for a prize fighter. He has seen a good deal of the world for a person of his size, and seems really to enjoy the fun of "playing man." When other people get to be his size, they are generally good for nothing but bawling, drinking milk and soiling clean clothes; but Tom travels, gives shows, makes money, has a wife, and manages to keep people from tramping on him. He spent his leisure time at the hotel in playing checkers and billiards.

——Hon. John Riley, Congressman elect, from Altoona, decided before the election, to get marrried if he defeated Hon. S. S. Blair. Blair was defeated and Riley kept his promise, and now he is considerably married! A daughter of Alexander Lloyd, of Hollidaysburg, is the bride; she a Presbyterian, and he a believer in the Catholic faith. Here was a dilemma; if they were married by a protestant, the marital vows would not be binding on John, and *visa versa*. A little manipulation, however, made everything legal and satisfactory. They were first married by a Presbyterian preacher and, immediately afterwards, by a Catholic priest, and the much married couple have gone west in a special car, on their bridal tour. All this, on Tuesday, of last week.

WHAT BECOMES OF THE FINES?—At nearly every term of Court held since Local Option became a Law, there has been a number of liquor sellers fined by the Court, and the question among all classes of citizens is, "what becomes of the fines?" I am told that the Law is, that the fines should go to the school fund, but am informed that none have ever been received by the School Board of this district, and as the school Taxes are very heavy, and these taxes would help to reduse them, I feel an interest in knowing "what becomes of the fines." A. TAX PAYER.

——That enticing kind of social pestilence known as the lottery has become an institution in Bellefonte. On Saturday evening another drawing took place at the Bush House, at which Col. Wilkinson drew a lady's cabinet and writing desk; A. S. Valentine, held the numbers that won two handsome chromos and a gentleman's dressing case; John P. Harris, a handsome musical work basket; and Jerry Nolan, a lady's dressing case.

——Both branches of the Legislature have passed a resolution fixing the day of adjournment for March 25th, next.

THE COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court was in session four days last week, from Monday till Thursday, inclusive, his Honor, Judge Orvis presiding. The business was nearly all criminal, some twenty-five indictments being laid before the Grand Jury, and the cases disposed of in some way.

On Monday the 25th, court convened for business in the afternoon, Judges Orvis, Love and Dopp on the bench. After the usual preliminary business, a jury was empanelled to try the case of the

Com. vs. Lavinia Frezuling, H. C. Frezuling, and Richard Gibbs, for forcible entry and detainer. There was not much in this case. The prosecutor David Holobach, rented some land, with a house on it, from Mrs. Frezuling, by a verbal agreement. He did not manage to suit the Frezuling family, and they also charged that he abused and injured the house, burned up fence-rails, etc. While he and his wife were away, the defendents went to the house and put the goods in it into the street. Holobach returned when this work was about completed, when young Frezuling—as the former testified—threatened to shoot him, with a gun which he had.

TUESDAY, 26th.

In the case of the Com. vs. Frezuling and others, the Court gave the district attorney leave to enter a *nolle prosequi*, upon payment of costs by the defendents, which was, no doubt, a fair disposition of the case.

Com. vs. Chas. Fry, malicious mischief. Deft's counsel moved to quash the indictment, which motion was granted.

Chas. Brown, who plead guilty to selling liquor without a license, was sentenced to pay a fine of $140, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for forty days. His Honor also gave Mr. Brown a lecture, and some good advice, informing him that he could have sentenced him to pay a fine of $800 and to imprisonment for eleven months upon the indictments found against him.

Joel Kling, Jr., vs. Jacob and Sarah Zerby, a civil cause, was then put on trial. This was a feigned issue, to try the right to certain moneys, $548.38, in court. Defendents bought a tract of land, or a farm from plaintiff, as part payment on which Mrs. Zerby assigned her intesest in her deceased father's estate, which was the amount in court. Defendents claimed that Mr. Kling misrepresented the property to them, and that it was not worth what they paid for it. Verdict for plaintiff.

WEDNESDAY, 27th.

Com. vs. John Chatham, adultery and formication and bastardy. As Mr. Chatham is a resident of Clinton county and the offense charged in the first count of the indictment, adultery, was committed there, if at all, a *nolle prosequi* was entered as to that count. This was as vile a case, probably, as ever came before a court, and ought not to have been brought there. The real prosecutors, the overseers of the poor of Marion township—where the unfortunate girl, the mother of the child, now resides—could not have anticipated the amount of filth that necessarily would be dragged into the case. Some of the testimony was what is often called "rich," and convulsed the numerous auditors with laughter. The court-room was fairly crowded during the progress of this trial, it being to this region for the time being some such comparative interest as the Beecher-Tilton matter in Brooklyn. The name of the girl is Lucy Young, and she is probably about twenty-four years of age, though she claimed to be only nineteen. She lived for awhile last winter, in the house of Mr. Chatham, who is a hotel keeper at Flemington, and it was there that she charged the offense was committed. She is a girl of very weak mind, and probably not capable of discerning right from wrong, to any thorough extent. Her moral character was attacked, and it was in proving various acts of immorality on her part that the "interesting" part of the testimony was elicited. The jury found the defendant not guilty, but mulched him in the costs, whereupon his counsel, Messrs. Beaver and Peale, moved to set aside the verdict. Mr. Furst assisted district attorney Spangler in conducting the prosecution.

The case of the Com. vs. several police officers of Bellefonte, indicted for assault and battery, was called, and a jury empanelled.

THURSDAY, 28th.

The district attorney asked and obtained leave to enter a "nolle prosequi" in the case against the policemen.

Com. vs. John Bradley indicted for obstructing and not assisting, when called upon, the borough officers in the discharge of their duty. The testimony for the commonwealth was to the effect that while a police officer was taking a refractory prisoner to jail the defendant protested against the officer's using his billy, etc., and when called upon to assist the policeman he refused to do so. After hearing this evidence the Court told the counsel for the prosecution that they had no case, the defendant was not obliged to assist in making an arrest or in conveying a prisoner to jail when no warrant or other authority for the arrest was shown him.

——An up-town merchant found a half-dozen cans of oysters in his cellar that had been hidden in obscurity for more than two years. To say that they were putrid and most horrifyingly nauseating is but giving the faintest shadow of the character of the effluvia they generated. When a can was thrown against a barrel in the back yard it cracked like a dozen muskets, and the contents flew over a quarter of an acre of gardens and houses, while the odor was worse than a thousand asafœtida factories. The merchant happened to think that if there was any body in town mean enough to steal oysters he'd give him an opportunity. Leaving a can on an empty dry-goods box in front of the store, he stepped behind the curtain to watch the progress of events. Soon a dignified and well-known individual stepped along, rested his eye on the clean, nice-looking can, looked around, unbottoned his over-coat, and, in a twinkling, it was resting next his vest and out of sight. He passed on to the corner, turned up and shortly after entered his residence. In a few moments his little son was seen to pass hastily down street, returning in a few moments with a paper bag filled with crackers. The observers drew nearer the dwelling and awaited the crisis, which, it was thought, would arrive about the time the can was opened. They didn't wait long. A noise like a clap of thunder announced the fact that the can had been opened. Then the windows and doors were suddenly opened, and things looked as airy about that house as a June morning. The husband ran out into the yard, took off his coat, hat and vest, spreading them upon the snow, and then with a paling began to scrape the rotten and besmeared bivalves from his trousers and boots with one hand, while he tenaciously clutched his nose with the other. His wife and children gathered at the hydrant and took turns in standing under the purifying current; while the entire nasal connection of that family was cut off from the outside world for at least an hour and a half. Those children are at present laid up with bad colds; the mother has bought a new kitchen carpet, whitewashed the ceiling, repapered the walls and burnt sugar on the stove for three successive days. But still they haven't eaten a meal in the kitchen since that memorable oyster supper.

——To Messrs Huston and Rogers, of Nittany, this county belong the credit of opening the deepest mine of Iron Ore in this section of the country. Their mine is located on one of the Huston farms, half way between Bellefonte and Lock Haven, and they now have a perpendicular shaft about 135 feet deep, from which at an angle of about 40 degrees they have run a slope some 35 feet through pipe ore, ranging from 7 to 10 feet in thickness. From the bottom of the shaft, they have run gangways, east and west, about 80 feet through ore, from 7 to 15 feet. Being below the water level they have been obliged to put in pumping apparatus, and they now have in successful working order, a double acting plunger pump of four foot stroke, made by Barber & Co., of Allentown, Penn., which is run by an engine of 50 horse power made by Ricker, Fredricks & Co. of Lock Haven. The adjoining land owners along the ridge owe a debt to these gentlemen for demonstrating the fact that iron ore can be successfully raised from below the water level, and they have no manner of doubt that a large deposit of pipe ore running N. E. by S. W. underlies the ridge through perhaps its entire extent. Messrs Huston & Roger, are now selling their ore to the Washington Iron Co., and are raising from 10 to 20 tons per day, and their mine, under the supervision of Mr. Erasmus Robb, is in better condition than it has been under the management of any person heretofore in their employ.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS.—Three years ago Dr. Boshee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States from Germany for the cure of Coughs, severe Colds settled on the breast, Consumption and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs. No medicine ever had such a success, 300,000 sample bottles have been distributed every year for three years by druggists in all parts of the United States, and nearly 1000 letters from druggists are now on our files, saying that no other preparation in their stores sells as well and gives such excellent satisfaction. All we ask is for you to go to your druggist, F. Potts Green, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it; regular size 75 cents. 6-43-eow-1y

——It may not be generally known, but is nevertheless a fact that Col. George A. Bayard of this place, has a cousin living in the State of Delaware, named Thomas F. Bayard, who, six years ago, was elected United States Senator, and who performed his duties so satisfactorily, that his constituents re-elected him to the same office, a few days since.

——Samuel Rhodes a brakeman on the Clearfield railroad had his arm so badly crushed, at Tyrone, on Wednesday evening last that amputation was necessary. Another plea for patent couplings.